

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 21

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY HAS 65,000 BOND DEBT LIMIT

Municipal Government Enters Upon
New Year With Bonds to Value
of \$25,000 Outstanding.

REPRESENT THREE ISSUES

First of City Building Series of
\$15,000 Issued Twelve Years
Ago, Will Come Due in 1921.

Proposed legislation which will be introduced at this session of the Indiana legislative relative to the bonded indebtedness of municipalities, has resulted in some discussion here as to the amount of bonds outstanding in this city. It is revealed that the public generally pays very little attention to the bonded indebtedness of the city and the citizen who knows the status of this debt is an exception.

As shown in the annual report of Harry Findley, city clerk, recently filed with the city council, the total outstanding bond debt of Seymour is \$25,000. The record from which these figures were procured shows that the debt is divided among three issues known as the following:

City Building Bonds, \$15,000.
City of Seymour Bonds, \$6,000.
1907 City of Seymour Refunding Bonds, \$4,000.

The first series mentioned was sold for the purpose of building the city hall. The bonds were sold twelve years ago and contrary to the general impression none of them has yet been paid. The first of the bonds will not fall due until November 10, 1921. At that time \$2,000 will be paid and the same amount will be lifted each year thereafter, the series to mature in November 1928.

The bonds bear four percent, interest annually. An interesting feature in connection with this issue is that it was sold in its entirety to a local man, but since their sale twelve years ago they have become scattered all over the United States. The location of the bonds, while not known definitely, is shown by the different cities from which the annual interest coupons are sent. These coupons are sent to the city treasurer annually for collection.

The series known as the City of Seymour bonds was originally issued for \$10,000 in 1915 to meet the cost of improved street intersections. The first on the bonds matured in July 1918, \$2,000 having been taken up at that time. The same amount was lifted this year and \$6,000 is outstanding. The balance falls due at the rate of \$2,000 a year. This issue bears 4½ percent, interest.

The third bond issue is known as the 1907 Refunding Bonds frequently referred to as the Greenman bonds. This series was for \$20,000 but all has been paid with the exception of \$4,000. The series bears 3½ percent. \$2,000 of the remainder falls due next month.

The property valuation of this city is approximately \$3,500,000, which means that the outside limit of indebtedness is about \$65,000. This is fixed by the state constitution. Besides the bonds the city is carrying a temporary loan of \$5,563.20, making a total indebtedness of a little more than \$30,000. Thus the city could, if necessity demanded, issue bonds for \$35,000 more before the constitutional limit is reached. However, there is no desire upon the part of any of the city officials to increase the bonded indebtedness and plans are centered upon ways and means to lift the indebtedness now outstanding as soon as possible.

In this connection it is also interesting to know that there is a movement on foot to have the legislature give cities the authority to increase the general fund tax from \$1.25 to \$2.00. The rate for the fund here this year is fixed at \$1.10, but the officials fear that unless other revenues are created to make the loss of the liquor license fees, the current fund will not be sufficient to take care of the running expenses of the city.

Rummage Sale.

To be held in the Central Christian church basement, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, January 22, 23 and 24. j21d

SCOUTS WILL CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY WEEK

Get-Together Supper and Roosevelt
Memorial Will Be Feature
of the Week.

The Boy Scouts will celebrate Anniversary Week of their organization. Arrangements were made at their meeting Friday night for a series of meetings in honor of the Scout anniversary, under the direction of Scoutmaster J. H. More.

On Friday evening, February 7, the Scouts will invite their parents to attend a get-together supper in the high school gymnasium. Afterward they will entertain their friends at a theatre party with an exclusive Boy Scout program.

On Sunday afternoon, February 9, each of the five patrols of Troop No. 1 will do a community good turn. In the evening of the same day the Scouts will hold a memorial service in honor of Theodore Roosevelt who was honorary vice-president of the Boy Scouts of America. This service will be held at the Presbyterian church.

A hike will be held some time during the week, and with the public exercises will constitute the program for Boy Scout Anniversary Week.

Four new boys have made application for membership in Troop No. 1 and they will probably be received during Anniversary Week.

DECEMBER TERM OF COURT ADJOURNED BY JUDGE COX

Last Day of Term is Spent in Filing
Pleadings—Additional Cases
Set for Trial.

The adjournment of the December term of the Jackson circuit court was taken late this afternoon. The last day of the term was spent in matters pertaining to pleadings, many of the lawyers in the county having cases which they desired to dispose of before final adjournment was ordered.

The sheriff brought William Blythe into court this afternoon. He was arrested at Bedford on a charge of failing to provide for his children. He formerly lived in Ewing. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and the case was continued until the next term of court.

TROOPS TO BE RETURNED AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE

United States to Get Portion of
German Ships for Transport
Use, March States.

By United Press.

Washington, Jan. 18—American troops will be brought home from France just as fast as possible. General Pershing has been informed to so tell General Foch. The return movement is slated to be as rapid as possible with tonnage available, General March, chief of staff, said. March said he had an official report from Europe that the United States will get for transport use a portion of the German ships, negotiations for which are now under way.

The original tentative figures of thirty divisions to be left in France will be scaled down. The force now in the army of occupation coupled with the allied armies of occupation is fully capable of preventing any hostilities by Germany, March announced.

Notice I. O. O. F.

All members please meet at I. O. O. F. Hall at 1 o'clock sharp Sunday to attend the funeral of Brother D. W. Wilson.

Andy McGinty, N. G.

It was announced this afternoon that Miss Katherine Jackson will be the instructor for the Sunday School training class which will meet Monday night for the first time. The union is greatly pleased that Miss Jackson consented to serve as the instructor for the entire series.

Remember

That Monday is the last day to pay telephone rent.

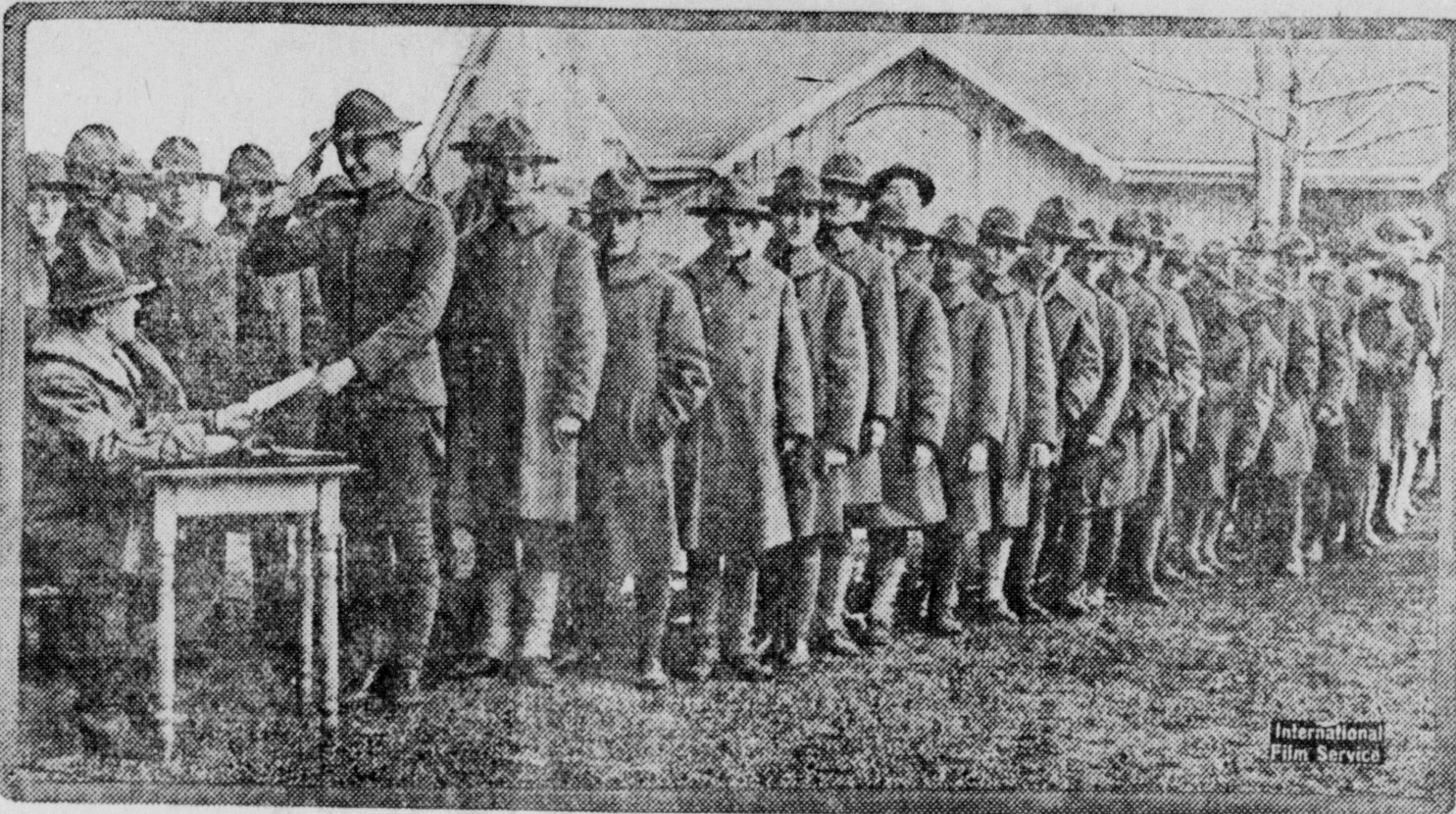
Hair cutting 25c; shaving 10c; razor honing 35c. I sharpen household scissors also. Sprenger's Barber Shop. One door north of New Lynn hotel. s6d&wtf

Steam vulcanizing tires and tubes. Pauley and Son, Garage, 203-205 N. Ewing Street. n11dtf

Milt Barkman, of route 6, was a business visitor here today.

Fresh oysters. People's Grocery. j22d

HURRYING BACK INTO CIVIL LIFE



Scene in one of the American army cantonments where the mustered out soldiers are getting their certificates of discharge so they can return to the pursuits of civil life.

DUPLICATE LISTS BEING COMPILED

County Conscription Board Preparing
Another Complete Enrollment
ment of Registered Men.

GO TO STATE DEPARTMENTS

All Questionnaires Arranged According
to Order Number as Recent
Instructions Required.

The local conscription board has received no information which would indicate that it may be permanently adjourned in the near future. Originally it was expected that the work would be completed so that the records could be sealed not later than the middle of this month, but each week or so additional requests and instructions are received which prolong the session of the board. The first order to seal all questionnaires and other records as soon as possible has been cancelled by Major Robert Baltzell, state draft executive, who informed the board that additional information will be desired.

The last order received directed the board to compile another set of names of all men in the county who registered. At the time the registrations were conducted, two lists were typed, one going to the provost marshal general at Washington and the other to the state conscription officer. Later the state conscription officer was required to send his list to the war department at Washington and this left the Indiana office without any record of Hoosiers enrolled under the draft law.

The board is now directed to make out two new lists one of which will be sent to the adjutant-general of Indiana and the other to the draft executive. These will become part of the permanent files in Indiana. The lists are compiled according to the registrations. All the names of the men who registered June 5, 1917, are included in one list, the registrants of July and August 1918, composed the second list and those who registered in September 1918, are included in the third list. The work on these lists is progressing rapidly and will be concluded shortly.

Notice to Hog Feeders.

Purdue advises the use of Feeding Tankage as a food and conditioner for hogs. We are making a guaranteed Feeding Tankage for this purpose and for balancing the ration which cannot be beat, see or write Buhner Fertilizer Co., Seymour, Ind. f14Sat.&wkly

Notice.

Having been released from military service, I will resume my practice in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and fitting glasses immediately. d30dtf Dr. Chas. E. Gillespie.

Notice Moose.

Dance at Moose hall Wednesday evening, January 22, for Moose and their families. Each Moose may bring one friend. Special music by "Zicks" six piece orchestra. j22d

PROTEST AGAINST BURLESON ORDER

Much Local Interest in Action of
Indiana Commission to Block
New Telephone Rates.

LONG DISTANCE SERVICE

Proposed Scale of Charges Approved
By Government Dated to Become
Effective Tuesday.

Local patrons of the long distance telephone service are much interested in the proceeding instituted in federal court by the Indiana public service commission asking that an injunction be issued against the Burleson telephone administration to prevent the enforcement of proposed new toll charges which were recently approved. The new rates are scheduled to become effective Tuesday, January 21. While the rates were at first reported to the public to be "sweeping reductions," it later developed that they amount to material increases in most instances. Especially is this true in the classes of service that are most generally used.

Under the present rates the toll charge from this city to Crothersville is five cents per call, the scale having been made by the Indiana commission. The Burleson order prescribed that the toll charge for such distance must be ten cents per call. The new schedule provides for station to station calls with additional charge for person to person calls.

The action which has been taken by the Indiana commission in conjunction with several other state utilities bodies in the central west will determine whether or not the federal administration had power to arbitrarily enforce rates without the approval of the commissions. The argument of the commission is that the rates in Indiana are fixed according to the valuation of the telephone companies, and that the present toll charges are sufficient to net a revenue upon such valuations.

The case will also determine the right of the railroad administration

(Continued on page 5, column 5)

To Probe Won Profits.

By United Press.

Washington, January 18—War profits and all government contracts to the Bethlehem steel company will be investigated by the war labor board, Joint Chairman Taft announced today.

Unemployed Protest.

By United Press.

London, Jan. 18—Hundreds of unemployed including 300 former chaffeurs of the army stormed the city hall here today in a huge demonstration against unemployment. Fearing violence the police were called and held the mob in check.

G. A. R. Notice.

Veterans will meet at Post Hall at 1 p. m. Sunday to attend funeral of Comrad D. W. Wilson. J. H. Boake, Commander.

BUSY WEEK AHEAD FOR LEGISLATORS

House and Senate Adjourn Today
and Majority of Solons Spent
Vacation at Home.

NEW STATE HIGHWAY LAW

Draft of Measure Proposes to Em-
ploy State Prisoners to Keep
Roads in Repair.

By United Press.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18—Strengthening of the prohibition law will be one of the first matters taken up by the lower house of the legislature when it reconvenes Monday afternoon. The committee on public morals will at that time report favorably on the Wright amendment to the prohibition law which would prohibit drug stores from handling whiskey under any condition and would remove the provision which allows a person to have one gallon of whiskey and twelve quarts of beer in his possession.

Both houses were adjourned today until Monday afternoon. There were but few legislators in their seats today, the majority taking the advantage of the week end to return to their homes.

Both houses Monday will probably have placed before them a bill which will supplant the state highway law. It is believed that the measure would simplify the workings of the highway law in many ways. It will be presented in the house by Representative Oliver Buller of Grant county and in the senate by Like Duffy of Indianapolis.

State prisoners may be employed in building roads, under the provisions of the new bill. It was drafted after conferences on several days between members of the legislature and members of the highway commission with good roads advocates.

A fight is expected in the senate next Wednesday when the Sunday movie bill, vetoed by Governor Goodrich at the end of the legislative session in 1917, is brought up. However sentiment today seemed to favor concurrence in the Governor's veto and passage of a new measure which would permit Sunday theaters only after 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTION IS GRANTED BY JUDGE ANDERSON

Federal Judge to Prohibit Enforcement
of Burleson Order Until
Trial is Held.

By United Press.

Chicago, Jan. 18—Judge A. B. Anderson of Indianapolis, in federal court today issued a temporary injunction restraining the Indiana Independent Telephone Company from using the increased rates approved by Postmaster Burleson. They were to become effective next Tuesday. The petition for the injunction was filed by Assistant Attorney General Leash, representing the Indiana public service commission. Judge Anderson held that inasmuch as he will be unable to return to Indianapolis until next Tuesday the temporary writ will stand until he returns to take up the matter.

REPRESENTATIVES OF 26 NATIONS AT WORLD CONGRESS

Peace Conference Convened for Its
First Official Session at 3
O'clock This Afternoon.

NEWSPAPER MEN PRESENT

Initial Sitting in The Quai D'Orsay
Attended by Impressive Military
Formalities.

ADDRESS GIVEN BY POINCARE

Delegates Seated at Great Horse
Shoe Table With Secretaries
at Small Tables Nearby.

By United Press.

Paris, Jan. 18—The peace conference convened for its first official session at 3 today. Delegates representing twenty-six nations met in the famous "clock hall," in the Quai D'Orsay. President Poincare made the opening address. The peace delegates sat at a huge horseshoe table; their secretaries at small tables nearby. This being the first session, it was open and the newspaper correspondents were permitted to be present.

"You hold in your hands the future of the world," President Poincare of France declared today in his address to his the peace delegates at the opening of the conference at Paris. He recommended the establishment of a league of nations.

Welcoming the commissioners, Poincare thanked the nations for choosing Paris for the conference.

"Germany willed to rule by iron and she perished by iron," he said. Reviewing the reasons for each nation's entry into the war, he dwelt especially upon the course pursued by the United States. He hailed President Wilson in the name of France and of all the countries represented. He lauded the American people and praised the allies troops and the armies of the United States for finishing their task.

The associated powers' unity for work, he said, ought to continue to exist in a unity for peace. A spirit of justice, he declared, should guide the conferees in their deliberations. Today's real peace conference business was:

Submission of memorandum of all the powers on the responsibility of the authors of the war; memorandum on responsibility for crime committed during the war; legislation regarding international labor.

The society of nations will be the first business of the next meeting.

The first sitting of the peace congress today found President Wilson partial victor in the fight for "recognition of his first principle—open covenants openly arrived at."

The gag rule which was imposed to make the sessions secret has been modified and arrangements made for publicity under certain restrictions. The President will continue for fuller recognition of his principle. He wants more publicity.

Today's peace conference sitting was planned as a formal affair with an imposing turnout of troops, impressive ceremonies and a keynote speech by President Poincare. Long before the hour for the opening crowds had assembled in the streets, leading to the foreign office to cheer the delegates as they passed.

President Wilson's vigorous fight for an open conference was backed by the universal stand by the American correspondents. He was finally successful in securing a rule whereby a limited number of newspaper men would be permitted at the full sittings.

The President's fight for his first principle was unique in history because of the strong support coming from the correspondents from the

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)

Remember

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SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher.
Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

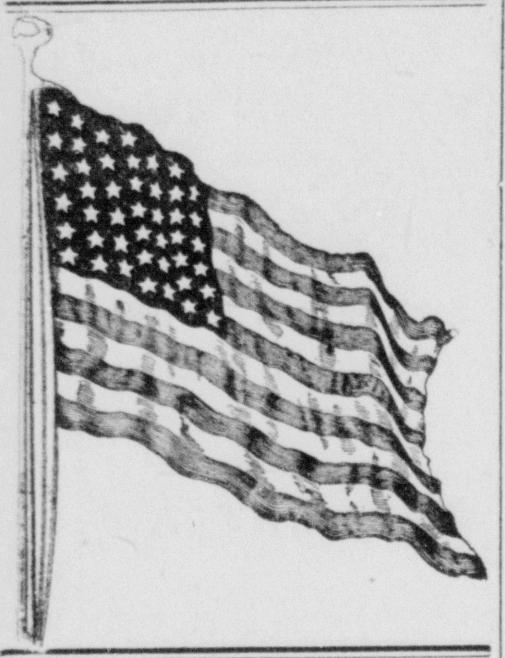
DAILY—By Carrier, \$5.00
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Three Months, \$12.50
One Week, \$2.50

DAILY—By Mail in Advance.
1 wk 3 Mos. 6 Mos. 1 Yr.
In Jackson Co., 10c \$1.00 \$1.75 \$3.00
Zone 1, outside Co 10c 1.25 2.00 3.50
Zone 2, 12c 1.50 2.50 4.00
Zone 3, 4, 5, 14c 1.75 3.00 5.00
Zones 6, 7, 8, 16c 2.00 3.50 6.00

WEEKLY
3 Mos. 6 Mos. 1 Yr.
In Jackson Co., 50c 75c \$1.00
Zone 1, outside Co., 60c 85c 1.25
Zones 2, 3, 4, 70c \$1.00 1.50
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SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919.



THE DRYS HAVE IT.

If the camel had wings he might seriously contend with the eagle today for the honor of being the national bird. The nation has gone "dry," and the camel as the emblem of prohibition, has come into his own. At the same time it is interesting to note that the somewhat long arm of coincidence stretched out to Nebraska, the state of William Jennings Bryan, and permitted that commonwealth to be the thirty-sixth to ratify the federal prohibition amendment. Missouri and Wyoming came along a few minutes later, but it was Mr. Bryan's state that clinched the argument. And Mr. Bryan's views on prohibition are well known.

Another significant thing about the prohibition victory is its sweeping character. It appeared that what is commonly known as a band wagon rush was in progress, the various state legislatures hurrying to line up in favor of a "dry" country. The vote in these legislatures showed few men in favor of continuing the liquor business in America. Up to the present time only New York and Rhode Island have voted against the federal amendment. Other states have swung into line with a degree of rapidity that was surprising. The grand total will be swelled still larger when the final results are in.

Now that the booze business is to end in America, the natural question relates to the disposition that will be

FINE FOR RHEUMATISM!

Musterole Loosens Up Those Stiff Joints—Drives Out Pain

You'll know why thousands use Musterole once you experience the glad relief it gives.

Get a jar at once from the nearest drug store. It is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister. Brings ease and comfort while it is being rubbed on!

Musterole is recommended by many doctors and nurses. Millions of jars are used annually for bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bite, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50



RE-ORGANIZATION

TIME IS STARTING
HELP A GOOD CAUSE
by
HELPING YOURSELF
PAY CASH.

If You Need

MONEY

SEE

CAPITOL LOAN CO.

Seymour Office Open Fridays.

11½ West Second St. with John Congdon. Mail Address:
31½ Public Sq. Shelbyville, Ind.

made of the great amount of capital now engaged in it. Already the distillers and brewers have announced new plans. Few of the great plants, it appears, will be idle. Other and more legitimate lines of business will be undertaken, and there should be little business disturbance when the "dry" amendment goes into effect.—Indianapolis News.

The theory of government control of public utilities is that the government will protect the interests of the people. If privately owned utilities can give better service at lower cost than the government, there is no logical reason for the government taking over the companies. The experience of the United States with government control is that under it the service is not as efficient and satisfactory as under private control and the cost is considerably more. For instance, the Burlington administration of telephones and telegraphs decides that that rate between Seymour and Crothersville should be ten cents per telephone call instead of five cents. The order is issued without any investigation of conditions to ascertain if the increase is necessary. The people have had no voice in the matter at all. Government control is bound to fail unless the public is given a voice in the matter of rates and service.

An Indiana senator proposes that the state shall confiscate all vehicles in which intoxicating liquors are carried into Indiana from wet territory. If the bill should pass, which is not likely, the cost of the product would be considerably higher to the consumer, if he has to pay for the risk as well as for the booze.

COLUMBUS WINS FROM SEYMOUR QUINTET, 45-21

Long, Narrow Floor Troubled Local Players—Contest Was Hard Fought.

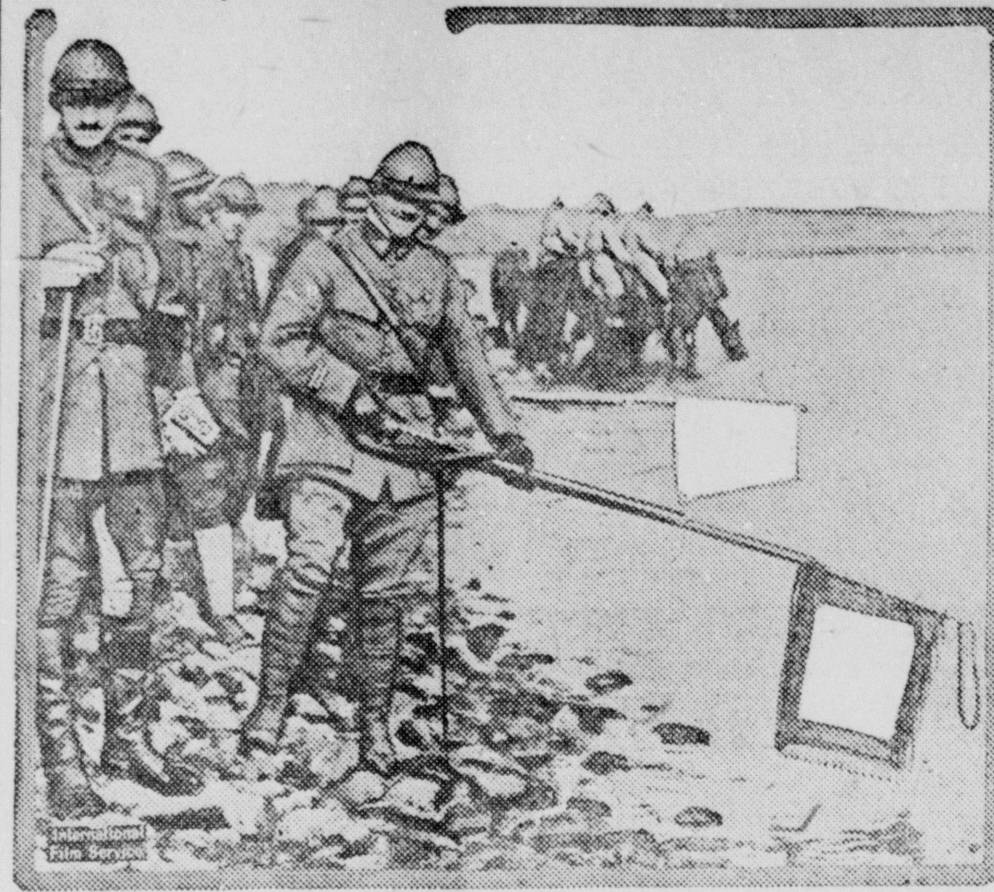
The local high school basketball team met their third defeat of the season Friday night in a game with Columbus, 45 to 21. The S. H. S. quintet fought hard but the long, narrow floor troubled them considerably. The Columbus quintet was thoroughly acquainted with their floor and easily blocked the long passes made by the local team.

In the first half alone, Columbus ran up the large score of 21 to 9, a lead that was exceedingly hard to overcome. However S. H. S. did not give up but fought her best. As a result of her efforts Columbus added but 24 points to her score, while the locals succeeded in making 12. Gearheart, star-center of Columbus, got the "tip-off" almost every time, however, he could not run away from James, of Seymour. The star center has been averaging 25 to 30 points each game in the past and James should be complimented on holding him to but 11 points last night. Crim of Columbus, was the star-point getter of the game, receiving 17 of the 45 points registered for his team. Taylor, also of Columbus, was a close second, receiving 15 points, while Gearheart, of Columbus and Niehaus, of Seymour, had 11 points each to their credit.

Shortly after the game began a personal foul was called on James, Gearheart successfully throwing a foul. Niehaus was the next to score when a personal was called on Gearheart. Taylor then added a nice ringer, after which a personal foul was registered against him. James added a nice field goal for the locals to be followed shortly by a similar one by Crim. A personal was called on Mercer, of Seymour, after which Gearheart threw a pretty ringer. Taylor added another point for Columbus when a personal was called on Eckstein. Keach, of Seymour, and Crim each found the basket. Soon afterwards a personal was called on Keach. Crim and Davis, of Columbus, each added a field goal to their credit before a technical foul was registered against Taylor. Gearheart and Crim, each scored, separated by a personal on Mercer. Taylor successfully threw a foul goal when another personal was called on Mercer. Niehaus and Keach, each added a field goal to their credit before a personal was registered against Taylor. Crim then added the final goal during the first half.

Seymour got the jump on Columbus at the start of the second half, Niehaus quickly adding three points for the locals. Crim and Taylor, each found the basket. Niehaus tied the score during the second half when a personal foul was called on Taylor. Taylor, Crim and Niehaus, each scored after which two successful personals were called on Eckstein, Taylor throwing both foul goals. Crim then added a pretty ringer after which a personal was called on Davis, of Columbus, Nie-

DIPPING THEIR COLORS IN THE RHINE



Men of the Second Moroccan division of the French army celebrating their occupation of the town of Hanique by dipping their rifles in the Rhine.

haus successfully adding a point for the locals, after a field goal by Taylor, another personal was called on Davis, Niehaus again scoring. Keach then threw a pretty ringer followed by Gearheart and Taylor. A personal on Eckstein removed him from the game, Lewis taking his place. Gearheart was next to score, after which a personal was called on Crim, James, Taylor and Gearheart each scored after which a personal on Crim ended the game. Columbus had won easily.

The summary of the game is as follows:

Columbus (45)	Seymour (21)
Taylor, f	Niehaus, f
Crim, f	Keach, f
Gearheart, c	James, c
Davis, g	Eckstein, g
Fately, g	Mercer, g
Substitutes—Seymour:	Lewis for Eckstein.

Field goals—Columbus: Crim 8; Taylor 6; Gearheart 5; Davis 1. Seymour: Niehaus 3; Keach 3; James 2.

Foul goals—Columbus: Taylor 3; Crim 1; Gearheart 1. Seymour: Niehaus 5.

Referee—Cooke of Franklin. Fifty basket ball enthusiasts from Seymour attended the game. The locals believe they can beat Columbus at the floor here. However, the attention must now be turned to the Seymour-Mitchell game next Friday. It will be remembered that S. H. S. defeated Mitchell here about a month ago, 35 to 19, and the players, as well as enthusiasts, see no reason why the locals can not repeat the trick even at the home of the "cement city" lads.

Among the local students and friends of the high school who witnessed the Seymour-Columbus basketball game at Columbus Friday night were: Franklin Swain, Hazel Stanfield, Edward Buhner, Walter Huber, Omega Wheaton, Mack Shiel, Olive Stants, Kathryn Rider, Shirley Faulkner, Agnes Andrews, Opal Craig, Weldon Davis, Robert Graessle, Albert Slagel, Edwin Vogel, Garrison Humes, Cecil Jones, William Fetting, Mary Misamore, Carl Amick, Louise Carter, Glen Beatty, Clarence Woods, Oscar Fenton, Ralph Amick, Tom Humes, Earl Dieck, Ray Julian, John Diehl, Albert Brethauer, Leroy Brethauer, William Mains, Francis Misch, Charles Blumer, Arthur Phillips, Burl Lind, Chester Lind, Durbin Day, Newton Day, Karl Braskett, Macie Whitson, Amy Bridges, Margaret DeMatteo, Earl Parker, Charles Keach, Hamer Wesner, Maurice Mackey, Charles Banta, Mansil Hughes and Harry McBride.

Red Cross Report.

The following Red Cross members have been reported in Jackson county:

Members	Quota	Secured
Tp. Tp. Ch'man	390	289
Wash. Wm. Schnyder	390	2,588
Jack. C. D. Billings	3,589	400
Dftwd. H. Alldredge	680	312
Owen. J. E. Tanner	751	120
Sal. Ck. C. C. Tinch	800	338
G. Fork. Dr. Herrod	475	285
Carr. Horace McCoun	843	472
Vrnon. Howard Rider	968	1,078
B'twn. Chas. Benton	1,591	475
Ham. Ira Isaacs	704	412
Redd. E. May	645	6,769

Merely Wanted the Materials.

"So you married my daughter thinking I'd pave the way for you in business? Is that it?"
"Well—er—not exactly. I'd do the paving, but I thought you might furnish the rocks."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Mrs. J. H. Andrews accompanied her daughter to Columbus last night to witness the basketball game.

PEOPLE'S SAYSO.

County Roads.

Listen! A report of what was not done. Our county road superintendent is kind enough to give us poor traveling mortals a light report concerning our county road construction and up keep? ? ? Listen! Total receipts, \$63,461.63; total expenditures, \$48,914.19; balance on hand, \$14,547.44. Listen! 592.5 miles of improved road. Listen! meaning \$107.10 per mile for up keep. But he says he only spent \$82.62 per mile and balance is on hand. Of course the roads ought not require the balance after the enormous sum, \$82.62 per mile was applied. But where do they show it? Not in surfacing, not in drainage, not in dragging, not in sand and dirt applied, not in repair of culverts and bridges, not anywhere noticeable to casual observation. So where is that \$82.62. Where? Where?

It is not necessary to waste time and space to enumerate the many serious defects and dire neglect in the repair of our roads, for any sane person with half common gray horse sense and half open eyes, who travel them can see and know for himself. Chugs, chugs, ditches, broken bridges, patched bridges, unpatched bridges, holes in culverts, chugs (deep) at approaches at a number of bridges, rocks set edgewise at bridges without fills, etc. Still the upkeep expended for year per mile is \$82.62.

Now I have made it a duty (not a pleasure) to ask our road men in this township why our roads don't receive better attention. And from some I get a promise and from others I am told that they are advised, that they are out of funds. mile. And lots of miles not touched. And out of funds? I guess it has been expended in buying road equipments, expensive tractors, gravel washer, (yet they haul sand and dirt on the roads) and other stuff and junk which go to make up the remaining expense not itemized.

Say, why don't some one suggest that they exchange the tractor gravel washer and etc. for a good shovel and oxcart and employ some good honest laborers (not big farmers, not office seekers) to use them on our roads. We certainly would get better road results. He can make a drag out of split logs (if nothing else) if they can't be furnished by county, and his oxen can pull it. Say Boy. I have had occasion lately of frequent drives into our neighbor county and must say that a blind man could tell when the county line is crossed. As soon as Jackson county is entered we go up in the air and cushions don't do any good for you can't stay on them. I think I shall offer my auto seat for sale and have hand rails installed instead.

Yours Hoping Still,
J. M. Jenkins.

Annual Supper.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First M. E. church has made arrangements for the annual Washington Birthday supper to be served at the church on Friday, February 21. The supper will be held on the 21st. This year as the 22nd falls on Saturday and that was not regarded as a favorable time for the supper. This has become an annual event with the church and there is always a large attendance.

"Cold In the Head"

Is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure. F. J. Chenev & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Kentucky = The Home of Attractive Women

Looking their Best all the Time is the Chief Business of the Blue Grass Belles.

The Secret of Their Beauty

It is health, robust health, that is responsible for the Kentucky girl's good looks. If she gets sick, she proceeds to get well. Possessed of health, she knows that personal charm and attractiveness need not worry. They are hers. That is the secret.

The story of Mrs. Hattie Hamilton, 17 Myrtle Avenue, Latonia, Kentucky, is typical. She says: "I have never in all my life, until recently, weighed over 102 pounds. Finally, I began to take Peruna. My weight now is 120. While I didn't really need it, I have started on the third bottle. Peruna has certainly done me a great deal of good and I recommend it to my friends. Several are taking it. It is surprising the amount of dependence placed by women everywhere upon Dr. Hartman's World Famous Peruna. For forty-five years it has been a household remedy for coughs, colds, catarrh and all catarrhal inflammation whether of the respiratory system, stomach or other organ or part of the body. The record of Peruna for nearly a half century is a startling one. Thousands have discovered and testified to its marvelous merit. Peruna is sold everywhere. May be purchased in either liquid or tablet form. Your dealer has it. Ask for Dr. Hartman's well-known Peruna Tonic. Do not accept a substitute or 'something just as good.' Insist upon Peruna. If you are sick and suffering from any cause whatever, write The Peruna Company, Dept. 76, Columbus, Ohio, for Dr. Hartman's Health Book. The book is free and may help you. Ask your dealer for a Peruna Almanac.

FORERUNNER OF THE BICYCLE

Velocipede Was Considered a Swift Moving Vehicle When First Introduced Into This Country.

The velocipede made its appearance in Washington 50 years ago, much having been heard of this new device, which had developed a veritable fever in France. In an article in the Washington Star of November 20, 1868, it was noted that the use of this vehicle had been "brought to such perfection that it is claimed 20 miles an hour has been made with it." The Star said:

"Lately the velocipede has been introduced in this country, and our young Americans, who at one time had the boxing mania, followed by the baseball mania, are now going strong on the velocipede, and it will doubtless have its run all over the country. Graham, the carriage dealer on D street between 8th and 9th, has just imported a first-class velocipede, and it is an object of great attraction at his establishment. It is a smart, stylish-looking affair, but very simple in its working. It can be run most rapidly with two wheels, but it is convertible to a three-wheeler. The working of it brings in play most of the muscles of the body, and it is said to be very healthful. From the facility with which it is steered or turned, it can be used on any sidewalk or gravel walk. The gravel walks of the Smithsonian would be just the thing for velocipedes. The style of velocipede to be seen at Graham's is the latest French style, introduced in this country by the Hanlon brothers, gymnasts."

TENNYSON NOT IDEAL HOST

Great Artist Who Was to Paint Portrait of Laureate Got Some what Dubious Reception.

Here is a tale of Tennyson, told by Sir Hubert von Herkomer, R. A., who once went to Freshwater for the purpose of getting sittings for a portrait of the laureate:

"Getting to the station rather late, I left my things there, not knowing what sort of reception I might get. After I had been received by Mr. Hallam Tennyson, the present Lord Tennyson, old Tennyson came shuffling in—he had a shuffling way of walking because he was near-sighted—and shook hands with me.

"I hate your coming," he said; 'I cannot abide sitting.'

"That did not seem very promising. However, after he had conversed for some time he said:

"Where are your things?"

"I explained, and thereupon he got up, rang the bell, and told a servant to fetch my luggage.

"You had better put up here," he said.

"I felt I was getting along. At

eleven o'clock I went to my room, still wondering whether I would succeed in my mission or not. Shortly afterward there came a rap at the door and I said, 'Come in,' turned around and saw Tennyson standing in the door. He said:

"I believe you are honest. Good night!" and thereupon departed.

"It was his way of making amends for the rather dubious way in which he had first met me."

Had Cause.

"We sent the flower of our young manhood against the Huns."
"Yes, and all the Huns say they were wild flowers."

Unpatriotic.

"Why did you change your boarding house?"
"My landlady got too enthusiastic about this food conservation."

Its Meaning.

"What is elastic currency, pop?"
"It is my Christmas money this year, son. It had to keep stretching to cover everything."

Mrs. Curtis Baise and son spent the day in Cincinnati.

REGULAR HABITS NOW; CONSTIPATION GONE

Mr. Brooks Suffered for Years—Tells How He Got Relief.

"I have tried a great many things for constipation, but the only thing that has been able to relieve me is Milks Emulsion. I am on only my second bottle and have to take very little of it now. My bowels move regularly every morning, which they have not been doing for a number of years. It seems like living again, after suffering so long. I recommended Milks Emulsion to two of my friends and both say it is the best remedy they ever heard of."—Elmer C. Brooks, 329 Washington St., Peoria, Ill. Constipation weakens the bowel muscles. Salts and purgatives only increase this condition. Milks Emulsion is a real corrective remedy—one that you can try, under its guaranty, without risking a cent.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by C. E. Loertz

HOW WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN QUICKLY GAIN VIGOROUS HEALTH AND STRONG NERVES 7 A DAY FOR 7 DAYS

A Vigorous, Healthy Body, Sparkling Eyes and Health-Colored Cheeks Come in Two Weeks, Says Discoverer of Bio-feren.

World's Grandest Health Builder Costs Nothing Unless It Gives to Women the Buoyant Health They Long For.

It is safe to say that right here in this big city are tens of thousands of weak, nervous, run-down, depressed women who in two weeks' time could make themselves so healthy, so attractive and so keen-minded that they would compel the admiration of all their friends.

The vital health building elements that these despondent women lack are all plentifully supplied in Bio-feren.

If you are ambitious, crave success in life, want to have a healthy, vigorous body, clear skin and eyes that show no dullness, make up your mind to get a package of Bio-feren right away.

It costs but little and you can get an original package at any druggist anywhere.

Take two tablets after each meal and one at bedtime—seven a day for seven days—then one after meals till all are gone. Then if you don't feel twice as good, look twice as attractive and feel twice as strong as before you started your money is waiting for you. It belongs to you, for the discoverer of Bio-feren doesn't want one penny of it unless it fulfills all claims.

Note to Physicians: There is no secret about the formula of Bio-feren. It is printed on every package. Here it is: Lecithin; Calcium Glycero-phosphate; Iron Peptonate; Manganese Peptonate; Ext. Nux Vomica; Powd. Bentonite; Phenolphthalein; Oleoresin Capsicum; Kolo.

Y. W. C. A. WORKER IS BIG SISTER

Industrial Woman's Service Club
Brings Home to Girls in New
Factory Community.

BLUE TRIANGLE MEANS CHEER

Club Stands for Hot Lunches, Clean
Towels, Comfortable Cots, Parties,
Games and Recreation to
Girl Workers.

Katherine Holland Brown.

"MY name is May Isabel Carnahan. I am eighteen years old, and I work in a big factory in Michigan. More than four hundred other girls work there too. I don't aim to tell you about our jobs. You can read about our work in the labor department reports. But I do aim to tell you about our Big Sister and of the things she has done for us.

"To begin with, our factory town isn't a town at all. It's a huge barn of buildings stuck down in the country nineteen miles from nowhere. There is a railroad siding, a station the size of a dry goods box, seven farmhouses and one general store and postoffice combined—it's pretty near as big as a hot tamale stand. And that's all. No Main street, no banks nor stores, no ice-cream parlors, not one solitary movie show, in all those nineteen miles. Lonesome? It's the ragged edge of desolation, that's what it is.

"I was one of the first carload of forty girls that was shipped up from Chicago. The factory was swarming with workmen putting in the machinery, and we girls couldn't begin work for a day or so, so we began hunting places to eat and sleep. That was a trifle that the employment folks hadn't thought of. The workmen were sleeping and eating in the cars that had brought them there, backed on the siding. Our only chance for beds and food was with those seven farmhouses, so we marched straight to the farmers' wives and asked for board and room.

Farmers' Wives Hospitable.

"I will say that those women were kind and hospitable. They fixed it up between them to feed us forty girls, and they gave us good food too. But for rooms, that was the question. They could each spare one room. That meant sleep five or six in a room. But right then along came the boss of the factory and told us the machinery was ready and he'd expect us girls to work double shifts, night and day.

"He wanted to make use of every minute, you see. But that gave us our chance as to sleeping. We fixed it up with the farm folks that we'd work double shifts and sleep double shifts too.

"So we planned it. Three girls would use a room from eight at night till six the next morning. Then they'd hustle over to the factory, and the three girls who'd been working all night would take the room and sleep till afternoon. It wasn't any luxurious slumber, believe me. The farm women had so few sheets and pillow cases that most of us went without. And towels were scarce as diamonds on blackberry bushes. As to soap—well, the general store kept yellow bar soap, that kind that is so full of rosin you could use it to cork a ship. But we made out till the next three carloads of girls came rolling in. Then we went 'most distracted. Those poor girls had to sleep in tents and in the cars that the workmen had abandoned by this time, and they were lucky if they got a straw tick and a blanket. By this time it had turned raw cold, and maybe you know what late autumn nights in Michigan feel like. To cap the climax the farm folks cut down on food, and for a week it was potatoes and beans and mighty few beans at that.

Along Came a Miracle.

"But, right when we were about ready to quit our jobs and beat it for home, along came a miracle. Two quiet, businesslike women climbed down from the eastbound train one morning. With them came eight workmen, a carload of scantling and tar paper, another carload of cots and blankets and pillows and sheets and towels—brand new blankets and beds—think of the glory of that!—and bushels of dishes and rolls of oilcloth and enough burlap to carpet the country. You won't believe me when I tell you that in ten days their workmen had a scantling-and-tar-paper shack put up and burlap tacked over the walls, and the Y. W. C. A. secretary and her helper had set up board tables and coffee kettles and were serving us the grandest hot lunches every day. And back behind the burlap screens were set those rows of clean cots, with enough cover to keep you warm the coldest night that ever blew, and a towel apiece for every single girl. Do you wonder that we all felt, as one girl put it, 'I'll wager the Fritz-Carlton has nothing on this!'

"Who were those women? Why, Y. W. C. A. secretaries, of course. I'd think you'd know that without being told. All over the country wherever we girls have pitched in to make aeroplane cloth or overalls or munitions or canned goods you'll find a Y. W. C. A. secretary working harder than anybody else to make the girls comfortable and to keep them happy and well.

Their Revenge.

"The Yanks in Russia must be having great fun."

"In what way?"

"In hearing the Russian correspondents worry over the English and American names."

Mastering English Words



FRENCH FACTORY GIRLS LEARNING ENGLISH IN A CLASS
CONDUCTED BY THE Y.W.C.A.

BLEACHED OATS ARE POOR SEED

Sulphur Process Brightens
Grains, but It Reduces Germinating Qualities.

PAY ATTENTION TO QUALITY

Same Amount of Time, Labor and
Money Required to Sow Field,
Whether Viability High or Low
—Buy Under Contract.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the purchase and selection of oats for seed farmers are warned to be careful of grain that has been bleached by the sulphur process. This process is now used extensively by commercial grain dealers to give oats of inferior quality a bright, clean appearance. In experiments conducted by the specialists of the United States department of agriculture, it was found that in nearly every sample of sulphur bleached oats there was a great reduction in the germinating power. The largest reduction was in a sample which germinated 97.5 per cent before treating and 9.5 per cent after treating, or a total reduction in germination of 88 per cent caused by sulphuring.

Too much attention cannot be paid to the quality of seed for the same amount of time, labor and money is required to sow a field of oats, whether the viability of the seed be high or low, and the product will be influenced directly by the percentage of germination of the seed. A casual observer is probably more likely to be misled as to the true quality of oats than of any other grain for seeding purposes, because oats that have been sulphured present an attractive appearance; therefore special care must be taken to ascertain whether this appearance is due to bleaching by sulphur or whether it is natural.

Feed Oats Not Good for Seed.

It is not an uncommon practice throughout the smaller oat-growing areas for farmers to use for seed, oats that have been purchased for feeding purposes, especially when these oats appear to be of good quality. Frequently very poor yields are obtained from feed oats, because these oats may have been sulphur bleached. Seedmen generally buy their oats under contracts, stipulating that such oats shall germinate not less than a specific percentage, and further that they shall not be sulphur bleached. This provision, of course, safeguards the farmer when he buys oats from a seedman who states that such oats are suitable for seed. However, as there is no general regulation governing oats handling in intrastate transactions which requires that sulphured oats are to be labeled as such, the farmer generally is without protection and often sows oats that have been sulphured.

Process of Bleaching.

Two processes are in use in bleaching oats; known as the cold process and the warm process, the only difference being that in one case steam is used to moisten the grain and in the other cold water is used. As the moistened oats fall from the top of a tower they pass through sulphur fumes which come in contact with every kernel. After the oats have passed through the bleaching tower they are usually run in a bin and allowed to stand over night when they are cooled or dried as necessity may require.

BETTER ROADS IN LOUISIANA

State to Spend \$4,674,000 in Making
Improvements and Maintenance
During Year.

According to figures compiled in the office of the state highway engineer, \$4,674,000 will be spent on road improvement in Louisiana in 1919 in the constructing of 753 miles of highway and maintenance of 470 miles already completed.

BERMUDA GRASS IS VALUABLE AS FEED

Troublesome Weed Makes Good
as Sod and Pasture.

Susceptibility of Root-Stocks to Winterkilling and Its Inability to Withstand Shade Make It Easy of Eradication.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Bermuda grass is one of the most valuable as well as the most troublesome grasses of the Southern states. This vigorous growing perennial spreads rapidly, making a thick sod which is well suited for pastures and lawns. The same characteristics that make it so valuable also render it one of the principal weeds the eradication of which is essential to the successful growing of intertilled crops. The plant has certain natural weaknesses, such as its inability to withstand shade and susceptibility of the root-stocks to winterkilling, which can easily be made use of in its eradication.

The most widely practiced and successful control measures, especially in the Southwestern states, is a combined attack upon these two weak points by alternating a summer shade crop, such as velvet beans and cowpeas, with intertilled crops, such as corn and cotton, keeping the soil occupied with growing oats or rye, with or without vetch, during the winter.

Hogs are also useful in eradicating this grass. They are fond of the root-stocks, and they will be aided greatly in the good work if the land is first plowed. A good system is to graze the land an entire season, continue the grazing the following season until midsummer, then plow shallow to expose the root-stocks to the drying action of the sun and the persistent rooting of the hogs.

Bermuda grass may be winterkilled by exposing the root-stock system to freezing, but this method is effective only in the northern part of the Bermuda grass area, as killing frosts do not ordinarily occur in the central and southern parts. In small areas, such as gardens, the root-stocks may be gathered after the land has been plowed, with a rake or fork, and burned. Where only small patches are infested they may be covered with heavy paper, preferably roofing paper, which should be weighted down. This so completely shades the plants that in about two months they will be killed. Bermuda grass was at one time looked upon solely as a pest, but in view of the fact that it is exceedingly valuable for pasture, hay and lawn purposes, the plant has been widely utilized throughout the cotton belt and its value is far in excess of the damage which it causes.

The Swallow's Back.

An Indian legend tells us that when men first came on earth they had no fire. The Great Spirit taught them how to do many things; he taught them how to get food from the forest, fish from the waters and corn and beans from the earth, but fire they themselves must learn to make.

Even with all the gifts they had showered upon them they were not happy, but kept thinking all the time of the one thing which they still wanted, instead of enjoying the many gifts which were already theirs. All fire was then in the sun, and they could think of no way to get it. Men could not reach it in any way, and no bird cared to go after it.

Finally the swallows, who could fly more swiftly than any of the other birds, offered to go to the sun so far away and bring this gift to men.

The swallow's back is still black, but no one ever tried to get fire from the sun again that way. Long years afterward men learned how to make fire by rubbing sticks together.

The Long Arm.

The war has furnished many strange coincidences. Here is another. A young officer came home on leave and brought his fiancée a piece of a shell fired by the Germans, but which had evidently been among ammunition captured from us. He thought it would interest her, and it did, for she was able to identify it as having come from the munition works in which she worked. It interested her still more when she found her own mark on it.

DEFY FATHER TIME

Passing Years Need Not Bring
Uselessness.

California Writer Arises in Wrath to
Deny That Seventy-Two Should
Be Considered a "Ripe
Old Age."

A newspaper item, a few days ago, stated that a certain man named So-and-So died "at the ripe old age of seventy-two."

Commenting on this the Los Angeles Times says that seventy-two is not a ripe old age and adds:

A ripe old age is an age when the person who has attained it is ready for old Father Time to come along and pluck him from the tree of life. If you will take a bird's-eye view of the activities of the world at the present hour, or even if you will look about you in your own community, you will see that men and women of seventy-two are among the foremost hustlers everywhere.

Active heads of great nations, big business men in the biggest businesses, leaders and go-getters of all descriptions in every direction you look have passed the seventy-two mark and are still going strong.

Why, a man should be about at his best at the age of seventy-two. And it is at that age that woman should really begin to enjoy life in high-heeled shoes, short skirts and a hat with roses all over it.

Cato did not begin the study of Greek until he was eighty years of age, and it was at the same age that Plutarch began the study of Latin. Hobbes, the English philosopher, published his best book when he was eighty-seven, and Chevreul, forever immortal in scientific research, was busy as a bee at his work in his one hundred and second year.

One of the most active lawyers of the Los Angeles county bar is past his ninetieth year, and we know of another Los Angeles man who has just been appointed cashier of a new bank at the age of seventy-four.

In short, the cold fact is that seventy-two is very far indeed from being "a ripe old age."

On the other hand, of course, a man can let himself be old at most any age. There are lots of men who are old at thirty, but it is a state of mind with them and not a physical condition, even though they may not be in good health.

As to women, we very well know that it was the fashion for them to be old and fear ruffled caps at forty. But that isn't the case now, by any means. Think of Lillian Russell, Sara Bernhardt and Schumann-Heink, merely to mention some of the more prominent women of our time.

We would go so far as to say that age is a question of what way we look at it. That "a man is as old as he feels and a woman as old as she looks," is, indeed, a very good saying. A man is a fool not to feel all right, and a woman may be trusted never to "look" old if she is the woman she ought to be.

It is a great idea for a man when he is anywhere between fifty and seventy to mentally start all over again as though he had set out, like a boy, upon the great adventure of life.

Instead of spending his time then in vain regrets, let him resolve to attain all that he has missed. Let him, above all things else, renew his enthusiasm. Let him go to the circus again and buy peanuts for the elephant; let him go, stark, into an old swimming hole; whenever he hears a band let him follow it till he has lost the way home.

It shall be just as we think about it. We are to remember that we shall live only once on this earth, and that we will be a long time dead.

First Across Canada.

The first white man to cross this continent by a route north of Mexico, was Sir Alexander Mackenzie, a Scotsman who rose high in the service of the old Northwest company which was amalgamated with the Hudson's Bay company in 1821. Mackenzie was in the far West when he planned his trip across country to the Pacific coast. In the autumn of 1792 he led his party far up the Peace river where they built a post and wintered. On May 9, 1793, the party set out, passing up the Peace river, through the Rocky mountains, across to the Fraser river which was followed down stream for some distance, and then across country through an unexplored region, until the party came out on the Pacific coast. Mixing a quantity of vermilion with melted grease, Mackenzie wrote on the inland side of a high rock rising from the shore these words to mark his visit: "Alexander Mackenzie from Canada by land, the twenty-second of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three. Lat. 52° degrees, 20 minutes, 43 seconds north." Mackenzie then retraced his course and returned to the East.

Sore Throat Prudence

Your medicine shelf is not well stocked without a bottle of TONSILINE, for you don't know what moment it may be needed to relieve a sudden case of Sore Throat. Relieving a Sore Throat is TONSILINE's special mission. It is made for that—advertised for that—sold for that one purpose. TONSILINE is the National Sore Throat Remedy. It is sold in every State in the Union. You will need TONSILINE one of these days, or some night when the drug store is closed—better have a bottle ready at home when you need it most. 35c. and 60c. Hospital Size, \$1.00. Your druggist sells TONSILINE.

Re-orders Are the Best Evidence

For several years this office
has standardized its
best grade of paper for
letter heads. We chose

National

Bank

Bond

BECAUSE it is uniform in
texture.

BECAUSE it is clear white
in color.

BECAUSE it has a genuine
bond finish.

BECAUSE its writing sur-
face is not excelled.

BECAUSE it gives satisfac-
tion everywhere it
is tried.

BECAUSE it is reordered a-
gain and again by men
who appreciate good
quality paper.

We Have Envelopes to Match

Call us by telephone and we will
be glad to show you sam-
ples.

Look over your supply of letter
heads and let us supply you
with National Bank Bond.

THE SEYMOUR REPUBLICAN

Phone 42. 108 West Second St.

Gold Mine

CLEARING SALE

Suits of Quality Sold Regardless of Cost

SUITS UP TO \$15.00 FOR.....	\$6.50
SUITS UP TO \$25.00 FOR.....	\$14.50
SUITS UP TO \$35.00 FOR.....	\$19.50
SUITS UP TO \$45.00 FOR.....	\$29.50
SUITS UP TO \$65.00 FOR.....	\$34.50

SALE SPECIALS

Silks, 36 inch plain, plaid and stripes, \$1.50 and \$1.75 values, per yd.....	\$1.19
Dress Goods, 54 inch wide, \$2.50 to \$3.50 values, extra special, yd.....	\$1.69
Men's Silk Fibre Socks in white, 50c values, pair.....	.23c
Outing, bleached, heavy fleece, 25c seller for Saturday per yard.....	.19c
Silk Petticoat special for Saturday each.....	\$2.95
Amoskeag and Lancaster Gingham, special, per yd.....	.26c
Sweaters for Women up to \$8.50, sale special.....	\$4.25
Boy's Waists and Shirts, special each.....	.45c
Waists in \$1.50 values, Saturday special @.....	.95c
Ladies' Union Suits, \$1.50 values, sale price.....	\$1.19
Ladies' Hose in heavy fleece, 50c values, sale special.....	.23c
Dress Goods, 36 inch Serges, \$1.25 values, per yd.....	.85c
Furs in all wanted kinds and shades.....	1-3 Less
Muslin, American Home, 36 in. bleached, per yard.....	.18c
Calico, in light patterns, sale special, yd.....	.12 1/2c
Kimonos for women, figured crepes, \$2.00 values.....	.98c

REPRESENTATIVES OF 26 NATIONS AT WORLD CONGRESS

(Continued from first page)

United States and all the allied nations except France.

None of the tremendous issues of the peace settlement were to be taken up. The sitting was devoted to the formalities attendant to the convening of the most important gathering at which President Wilson, leading the peace delegation of the United States, intended to put through his league of nations plan and other measures which he believed will end wars and make the world safe for civilization.

Formation of a definite policy toward Russia, involving possible recognition of the Russian soviet government, indemnities to be collected from Germany, final disposition of the German fleet future of the German colonies, regulation of the national boundaries, the demand of Greece for Constantinople, the disposition of the Holy Land, Ireland's demand for home rule, under the principle of self-determination, adjustment of national boundaries along racial lines freedom of the seas and reduction of armaments were among the important questions confronting the peace makers as they assembled.

The delegates present represented all the nations associated in the war on Germany, and in addition Peru, Ecuador, Uruguay and Bolivia, which severed diplomatic relations with Germany. The Central powers were not represented. When the peace treaty has been drawn up, the delegates representing the German government, and its former allies, will be asked in to sign.

When the conference starts regular proceedings, the league of nations will be the first issue taken up. This will be done at the instance of Pres-

ident Wilson. Premier Clemenceau is the one who is expected to bring it up for discussion.

The delegates include the following:

United States: President Wilson, Secretary Lansing, Henry White, General Bliss.

Great Britain: Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Secretary Balfour, Chancellor Bonar Law, George N. Barnes.

France: Premier Clemenceau, Foreign Minister Pichon, Marshal Foch (as Generalissimo of the allies.)

Italy: Premier Orlando, Foreign Minister Sonnino, General Diaz.

Japan: Viscount Chinda, ambassador to Great Britain Baron Matsui, ambassador to France.

Belgium: Foreign Minister Hymans, Emile Vandervelde, Minister of Justice.

Greece: Premier Venizelos and Foreign Minister Politis.

Serbia: Premier Patchitch.

Remember

That Monday is the last day to pay telephone rent.

Leo Nichter, son of Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Nichter, South Vine street, arrived here this afternoon from Camp Stuart, Virginia, where he was sent to await his discharge from the service after returning to the United States, December 31. Young Nichter was connected with one of the American ammunition trains and sailed for France last July.

Muslin Signs, "No Hunting nor Trespassing" for posting your farm, 10c each. 90c per dozen, at Republican Office.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

SEYMOUR MARKETS

Wheat	\$2.18
Flour	\$1.50@1.45
Corn	\$1.15
Oats70c
Rye	\$1.30
Clover seed	\$12.00@17.50
Straw, wheat, ton	\$9.00
Straw, oats, ton	\$10.00
Hay, baled	\$22.00@23.00
Clover, Hay	\$20.00

POULTRY.

Hens, fat	20c
Springs, 1 1/2 lbs. and over.....	20c
Cocks, fat	15c
Turkeys, old	24c
Turkeys, young	28c
Ducks	17c
Geese	15c
Eggs, per dozen	52c
Butter	35c
Guineas, per head.....	25c@35c
Hides, cured	19c@20c
Hides, green	14c@15c
Calf Skins, G. S.	33c@35c
Calf Skins, green.....	24c@26c
Horse Hides, No. 1.....	\$4.00@6.00
Sheep Skins, recent slaughter	\$1.00@4.00
Hog Skins	\$.60@1.00
Tallow	11c@12c
Bull Hides	12c@14c
Deacons, each	75c@\$2.00

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, January 18, 1919.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Jan. 1.37 1/2	1.38	1.36 1/4	1.36 1/2	
Feb. 1.34 1/4	1.34 1/2	1.32 1/4	1.33 1/2	
Mar. 1.32	1.32 1/4	1.30 1/4	1.31 1/4	
May 1.28 1/2	1.29 1/4	1.27 1/2	1.28 1/2	

OATS.

Jan. 67 3/4	67 3/4	67 1/4	67 1/2
Feb. 67 1/2	67 3/4	67	67 3/4
Mar. 67 3/4	67 3/4	67 1/4	67 3/4
May 68 1/4	68 1/2	67 3/4	68 1/4

Indianapolis Grain Markets.

By United Press

January 18, 1919.

OATS—Weak.	
White	71@69
HAY—Firm.	
No. 1 timothy.....	\$28.50@29.00
No. 2 timothy.....	\$28.00@28.50
No. 1 clover.....	\$25.00@25.50

Indianapolis Live Stock.

HOGS—	
Receipts	11,000
Tone	Steady
Best heavies	\$17.65@17.90
Medium and mixed.....	\$17.50@17.75
Com. to choice lights.....	\$17.50@17.60
Bulk of sales.....	\$17.50@17.75

CATTLE—	
Receipts	700
Tone	Quiet
Steers	\$15.00@18.50
Cows and heifers.....	\$6.50@13.50

SHEEP.

Receipts	100
Tone	Steady
Top	\$7.50@8.00

His Achievements.

"I have been in business here at the old stand for thirty-four years," admitted the proprietor of the Right Place Store in Petunia. "During that time 27,050, in round numbers, fresh young drummers have tried to talk me into buying rare bargains that I didn't want, and 13,525 well-meaning lunkheads have left the door open when it ought to have been shut. I have listened with a crocodile smile to something like 46,743 old stories and no more than two dozen new ones. I have furnished settin' places for all the prominent and influential loafers of the community, and have had two tons of prunes, cheese and ginger-snaps et up by 'em. I am thirty-four years older than I was when I began, and very little wiser or richer. I have trusted almost everybody who has asked me to, and some of them cheated me and others didn't. So, speaking biologically, I s'pose I don't think any worse of my feller citizens than they do of me." —Kansas City Star.

Mount Ararat Now a Republic.

The announcement of the formation of "the Independent Republic of Ararat" will brush away the fallacy which regards Ararat as just a mountain instead of a country, albeit the very mountain on which the ark rested when the waters of the Deluge began to abate. Genesis is explicit enough to have prevented the mistake, it might be thought; it says quite distinctly: "The ark rested upon the mountains of Ararat." In its day, Ararat was a great power, holding sway far to the east and to the west. But to western Europe Ararat has long been known as the place where the dove first plucked the olive branch and returned with her message of hope to the Ark.

We Do "Printing That Pleases."

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

THE VOICE

By HELENA M. KENNEY.

The train rolled slowly out of the station, leaving a girl standing on the platform. Nellie Windsor was fifteen years old. Her mother and father were dead and she had no one but Uncle Jo and Aunt Betty. Uncle Jo had written her to come and live with him—and here she was. It was fully ten minutes before Uncle Jo came, and when he did he gave her a hearty kiss and lifted her into the buggy and off they went. Arriving at the farm, she found Aunt Betty waiting on the porch for her, and such a dear old lady she was. It was then 3:30 o'clock, and the rest of the afternoon was spent in unpacking her clothes and learning the rounds of the house. After supper she went directly to bed, because she was tired from her long journey.

The next afternoon she wandered around, picking flowers, chasing butterflies, and, gathering an apron full of apples, she went down to the little brook. It was nice and cool and she was enjoying herself when—"Hello," said a voice. She looked up, but saw no one.

"I say, hullo," again came the voice; this time it seemed to come from the tree that was across the brook.

"Hullo, yourself," replied Nellie. "Where are you?"

"Up here in the tree," said the voice. "Come down," she said.

"Nope," answered the voice. No amount of teasing would make the voice come down. It was getting late, so Nellie said: "If I come here tomorrow will you let me see you are?"

"Maybe," replied the voice. So Nellie scampered up the hill and home. But she was not to see the owner of the voice tomorrow, for when she got up the next morning, it was raining.

Uncle Jo came in at dinner time with an invitation for Nellie to spend the afternoon with the Browns, who lived across the field. Slowly she went upstairs to dress, sorry because she could not go down to the brook, but maybe it would be there some other time; so with this happy thought in mind she was soon ready, and Uncle Jo took her over to the Browns. She was rather shy, being among strangers, but Mrs. Brown soon put her at ease. Molly Brown was Nellie's age, and they took to each other right away. While they were sitting, talking about nothing in particular, the doorbell rang and Molly's mother went and admitted five young people who had come to spend the afternoon. Soon a boy about a year older than herself came in and was introduced as Billy Brown. What a good time she had, and what nice girls and boys they were! But Billy—where had she heard that voice?

The afternoon passed all too quickly, and when the guests rose to go, Mrs. Brown shook hands with them all, and so did Molly and Billy. When Nellie arrived home she could not help thinking what a nice boy Billy was, and she blushed when she thought how he had given her hand a tiny, unnecessary squeeze.

The days that followed were the happiest ones she had ever had. Long rambles with Molly and the Tucker twins, picnics, and often she would go for long walks with Billy. She liked Billy very much and Billy liked Nellie. But she did not forget the voice. Every day she would go down to the brook and talk and talk with it. She would tell it of the nice times she was having, and went so far as to tell it of Billy. Thus two weeks passed on and Nellie thought she was never going to see the voice, when one day the voice told her that she would see it tomorrow, sure. To be sure, Nellie was there at the appointed time, and the voice said: "If I come down, will you promise to give me one thing?"

Wondering what it could be, but curious to see the voice, as she had called it, she readily said, "Yes." It slid down the tree and there stood—Billy!

"You—you—?" she gasped. Billy smiled and said, "Your promise." She was so surprised she did not know what to say. At length she said, "What do you want?"

"A kiss," he replied. "Oh—h!" and she turned to flee up the hill, but Billy like a flash caught her. It was useless for her to try to get away, even if she wanted to.

(Copyright, 1918, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Be a Philosopher.

If you can't have what you want, just make up your mind that you don't want it. Then the matter will cease to bother you and you will be as happy as a lark. Maybe if you got what you wanted, it would only be to discover that you really didn't want it, after all. Many a man regrets that he didn't marry a certain old sweetheart until some day he sees her again, and then all his regrets disappear. The thing is to be satisfied with the situation as it is. When you can do that you are a philosopher as great as Socrates or any of the rest of them ever were.

The Bloodstone.

The bloodstone is a variety of hematite having a finely fibrous structure and a reuniform surface. The color varies from dark steel-gray to blood-red. It was extensively employed in ancient times, many of the Babylonian and Egyptian intaglios being in this material. Now it is much less used, except for rings and as a polish for other stones and metals. There is also a variety of quartz having a greenish base, with small spots of red jasper, looking like drops of blood, scattered through it. This kind of bloodstone is also called bellotrope.

It Is Good Economy to Keep Your Clothes Well Pressed and Clean

They not only look better but proper cleaning preserves the fabric and the material will give better wear. You can make your suit or dress wear twice as long and it will always be free from spots and dust marks if you let us do your work. We call for your orders and deliver them promptly.

Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing, Dyeing.

BELL Steam Cleaning Work

Phone 391. 16 St. Louis Avenue.

JUST WHO ARE THE PUBLIC?

Somehow They Seem Never to Be Present When the Term Is Employed—Possible Explanation.

We hear much about the public. It is seldom praised; often it is berated. The public will stand for anything, we are told. The public likes to be duped, said P. T. Barnum years ago in explanation of his success as a showman. The public be damned, said a corporation head a generation ago. Society never advances, declared the philosopher Emerson. The public is a huge beast, some one else has said.

Almost anybody who talks about the public or matters pertaining to the public will reiterate such opinions today, observes the Kansas City Star. And no offense is taken; no indignation meetings are held and no resolutions drawn up in condemnation of such insulting language. Apparently nobody feels insulted.

Who, then, is the public? Nobody can tell us; always the thing eludes our search.

But is not the public anybody but you and me, or anybody except the persons talking about it? Therefore, the public can never be found, though one should inquire all his days. Always the thing is further on, like the rainbow's end.

So there is little use relying on the public to do anything, to take the initiative, to start something, to rise up in rebellion against wrong oppression, outrage, injustice.

There has been much talk about rebellions, revolutions, when public indignation has reached the boiling point; but there never was and likely never will be a public uprising of any kind without a leader, without some individual working alone or in co-operation with a very few other individuals to organize "public sentiment," to give it form and substance, "a local habitation and a name."

Therefore all the abuse that has ever been heaped upon the public might be gathered into one mass and once more hurled at the thing's head and nothing would ever be heard of it and nobody hurt.

What recourse can be had, then, when the people suffer, when a community, a city, is oppressed by bad government, selfish and soulless corporations or what not? None at all by damning the public.

It all comes back to you and me who started the discussion. You are a vital part of the public; I am. You owe it to yourself and the cause of justice, as do I, to wait not a moment in doing something, in going straight to a neighbor and with him to somebody else, and on and on until an army is raised and the outrage put down. Let us realize our own individual responsibility to an abstract public. The public will do its duty when you and I act.

Manufacture of Radium.

The manufacture of radium has gone far beyond scientific experiment; it is now a matter-of-fact business, with a constant demand. The first great difficulty is to obtain the raw material. Even ore containing only three-thousandths of a grain to the ton is worth working up. The ore goes through complicated and delicate processes of reduction and concentration, until finally from half a ton or more of ore there results a lump of two or three pounds that contains, among other things, the precious salts. This undergoes a series of reactions and crystallizations, 6,000 or more in number, and requiring four or five weeks, at the end of which time the few grains of bromide of radium have separated from the other salts, and particularly from the salts of barium, which apparently accompany them most persistently.

Republican Want Ads. Get Results. suits.



We have delivered our ultimatum: Pure meats of high quality, satisfactory service and proper prices will always be our watchword. We will never recede from this position.

Frank Cox

Phone 119 Cor. 2nd and Ewing Sts

SAVE—W. S. S.—SERVE



BUY THRIFT STAMPS

Anna E. Carter NOTARY PUBLIC

Office at the Daily Republican Office, 108 West Second St.

City Restaurant Changes Hands.

Mr. and Mrs. Nick Gephart, who have managed the City Restaurant since October, 1917, have sold their restaurant business to Joseph G. Vogelsang, of Rockport, Indiana. Mr. Vogelsang is an experienced restaurant man and will continue the business at a high standard of efficiency. Mr. and Mrs. Gephart will leave next Wednesday for Indianapolis. They are uncertain as to their future business, but have some propositions under consideration.

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

coal

ANTHRACITE COAL

48 HR. OVEN COKE (Rescreened at our yards)

EASTERN LUMP COAL

EASTERN EGG COAL

INDIANA LUMP COAL

INDIANA EGG COAL

INDIANA MINE RUN COAL

Phone No. 4

EBNER ICE AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY

Grain, Feed, Seeds, Flour

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR GRAIN AND SEEDS OF ALL KINDS. WE PAY TOP MARKET PRICES.

WE HANDLE A COMPLETE LINE OF FEED, SEEDS AND SPRING WHEAT FLOUR.

We are now exchanging 38 pounds of flour to the 1 bushel of wheat.

FARMERS' HOMINY MILL

SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

GENERAL REPAIRING and MACHINE WORK

IRON TURNING

CLOW'S MACHINE SHOP

Phone 377

One mile south of city.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.

Mill Work and Building Material Paints and Oil Builders Hardware

Phone 19. 418 S. Chestnut St. Seymour, Indiana.

More Quality—Value in Clothes For Your Money

That is What You Get in Our Good

Overcoats and Suits

at \$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.00.

You can pay more for your Overcoats and Suits, but you can't get better values. These clothes are guaranteed to give satisfaction in service, style, fit and tailoring. They are made of dependable woollens, in many attractive shades and patterns; styles for men and young fellows, including the snappy military effects. All of them fit with smartness and distinction. They are the kind of overcoats and suits

you want. Buy now—and here; there's plenty of cold weather still coming to make it profitable for you to select this week.

A. STEINWEDEL
Seymour's Complete Store for Men and Boys

THE **United National** STORE
Clothing

Saturday's Specials

10 Pounds Granulated Sugar **98c**
(10 Lbs. Limit)

Bread Bread Bread

We have the famous Blue Bird Bread

One pound loaf.....10c
1½ pound loaf.....15c
Rye10c

Try one loaf of this Bread because it is a winner.

HOADLEY'S Grocery Dept.

STAR-LAX
FOR YOUNG AND OLD
TRADE MARK
FOR CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, DROWSINESS, SICKHEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA.
TABLETS
AN EXCELLENT LIVER TABLET.

C. E. LOERTZ, Druggist
1 East 2nd St. Phone 116.

REGULAR LUNCH ROOM

—Short Orders—

FRUITS CANDIES
CIGARS, MAGAZINES and
OYSTERS

Interurban Station

Scott Hardin.

Mrs. Matilda Reynolds Dead.

Mrs. Matilda Reynolds, wife of Dr. J. M. Reynolds, died Friday at her home in Memphis. She was sixty-two years old and had been an invalid for a number of years. Mrs. Reynolds is a sister-in-law to Mrs. O. S. Guernsey, E. H. and George Hancock of this city. The funeral services will be conducted Sunday at Memphis.

W. W. Dunlavy, of Camp Grant, Ill., is spending a five day furlough with relatives in this city and at Memphis. He will also attend the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. J. M. Reynolds, at Memphis.

Lt. and Mrs. G. O. Bowman, who have been at San Antonio, Texas, spent the night here with Lt. Bowman's brother, Charles Bowman and family, on their way to their home at Lafayette.

W. G. Masters spent the day in Indianapolis.

PERSONAL

T. S. Blish made a business trip to Cincinnati today.

Minnie Lambert of Mitchell, was here today shopping.

H. R. Biery of Scottsburg, was here today on business.

Walter Johnson went to Indianapolis today on business.

Fred Runge, of Brownstown, was here today on business.

Fred C. Miller, of route 1, transacted business here today.

E. E. Foster, of Uniontown, transacted business here today.

Louis Deppert, of route 8, was a business caller here today.

John Q. Foster, of Uniontown, was a business caller here today.

John F. Bettenbrock, of route 3, was here today on business.

Alice Luckey, of Redding township, was here today shopping.

Miss Grace Lockman of Brownstown, was here today shopping.

John W. Borgstedt, of Cortland, was a business visitor here today.

Charles Hackman, of route 1, transacted business in town today.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Pruitt, of Weddleville, were here today shopping.

Raymond Wilson, of near Cortland, transacted business here today.

Mrs. J. W. Downing, of Fort Riter, was here this morning shopping.

Rev. C. P. Lanpher is spending two weeks in Washington, D. C., on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Warriner and daughter, Mabel, spent the day in Cincinnati.

Mary Booker went to Sparksville this morning for a week-end visit with relatives.

Bessie King went to Norman Station this morning for a week-end visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Thompson have gone to St. Petersburg, Fla., to spend the winter.

Mrs. Stella Allen and son, Robert, and Doris and Donald Bush spent the day in Cincinnati.

Elisha Speare and A. A. Ruddick, Farmington, were business visitors in the city this morning.

Corwin Boake, of Botebo, Okla., is here the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boake.

Jasper Hilt, south of Seymour, is spending a few days with friends at his old home around Farmington.

Misses Grace and Ruth Daugherty went to Brownstown this morning for a short visit with relatives.

Mrs. Mollie Hutchinson, of Indianapolis, came this morning to be the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Lula Lingo.

Mrs. Harry French left this morning for a several days' visit with relatives at Madisonville and other places.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Nelson, of Indianapolis, came today to be the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Chastain.

Mrs. A. McCormick returned to her home in Brownstown this morning after a few days' visit here with relatives.

Mrs. J. W. Waltz of Olivet, Ills., is the guest of Mrs. C. P. Lanpher, at the Nazarene parsonage, on North Walnut street.

Mrs. L. C. Bishop and children, of Shelbyville, came this morning to be the guests of Mrs. Rose Marberry for a short time.

J. P. McMillan returned to his home in Medora this morning after a several days' business trip in Indianapolis.

Mrs. Rhoda Meyers returned to her home in Medora this morning after a short visit with relatives in Indianapolis.

Mrs. J. W. Leyhan returned to her home in Washington today after a short visit in this city with Mrs. Chas. Kaufman.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pot Schmidt and children of Indianapolis, came today to visit Casper Overman and family for several days.

Mrs. R. C. Reinhart and grandchildren left this morning for Lewisville, Ills., where they will be the guests of John Pillman.

H. L. McCord, of Brownstown, spent the day with his sister, Mrs. A. R. Adams, Farmington, who has been ill for the last few weeks.

Mrs. Clara Rust of Washington, went to Brownstown today to visit relatives. She came to attend the funeral of R. R. Short.

Mrs. Carl Oesting and her guest, Miss Sarah Parish, of Dayton, Ohio, left this morning for a several days' visit with relatives at Washington.

Miss Daisy Carter, who is teaching at Henderson School near Sparksville, came this morning for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Carter.

Mrs. Anna Weddle, Mrs. Addie Hubbard, Misses Nellie Hubbard and Esther Weddle, of Medora, were here today enroute to Indianapolis for a several days' visit.

Remember

That Monday is the last day to pay telephone rent.

LISTEN TO THE EVERWELLS

HE NEEDS SOME MEDICINE



My Teddy bear I ought to scold For catching such an awful cold!

Baby Everwell
Teddy bears and everybody else are apt to get colds, but I can tell 'em where they will get something that will cure 'em up mighty quick. It's a drug store where my pa and ma go and they sell a lot of other fine things there too, besides drugs.

MAXON PHARMACY

25 S. Chestnut St.
(Pellens' Old Stand.)

R. R. Keach, father of two of the "star" players of the local high school basketball quintet, saw the Seymour-Columbus game at Columbus Friday night.

Mrs. Jennie Bishop of Logansport, returned to her home this morning after spending several days with relatives at Hayden and Joe Clovis and family of this city.

Mrs. James K. Davis, of Union City, and son, Robert C. Davis, who recently returned from overseas service, are the guests of Ruby Davis and family, at their home on Bill street.

Hugh McMahon.

In being again called upon to chronicle the passing of one of our number, which occurred December 30 1918, at his home in St. Louis, Mo., we could pay no higher tribute to his memory than to say "he was a friend to everyone," for amidst all of the busy activities of a hustling, energetic mixture of men and women, many of whom are only seeking gain, and self aggrandizement, for one to mingle with a restless and criticizing public not only retaining but gaining additional friends for his employer as well as for himself requires not alone diplomacy, which is often acquired only through business tactics, but natural gift in that direction born within the man as one of God's noble gifts, and to the thoughtful observer this valuable business asset is perhaps the greater than any other to one engaged in the capacity of a passenger conductor.

For the greater part of thirty-five years Bro. McMahon has been taking care of the wants of the hundreds of thousands of people and doing it in a calm, unobtrusive way, so strongly characteristic of himself in business as well as social life, and to whom falls due the praise, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

Suddenly called from active life, with no admonition that the end was near, he passed through the Golden Portals, and entered the other world just as he had lived, a beautiful and peaceful climax to a life of cares and grave responsibilities. Just the long, long rest due the faithful for there was none to speak ill of him in life there can be none now. Possessed of a strong personality, he always made friends and to those left behind we can truly say the world was better by his having lived in it.

Seymour Division 301, O. R. C., having today authorized the committee as named below to draft suitable resolutions occasioned by the passing of Bro. McMahon, we respectfully submit the following:

Whereas, In the demise of Bro. Hugh McMahon our Division has lost one of its pioneer members, and

Whereas We as one agree that a brother whose sunny disposition has oftentimes helped to dispel a spirit of depression has answered his last earthly call, be it

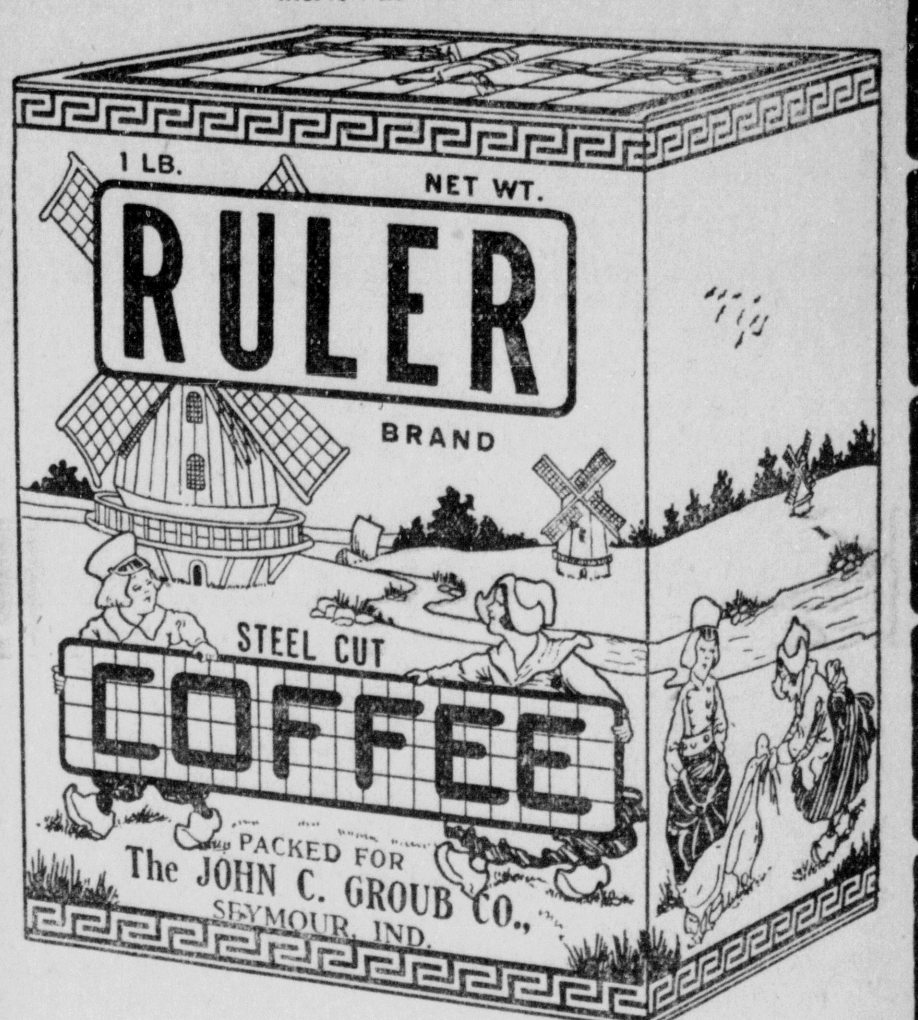
Resolved, That in this transition we as a Division have lost an honored member, true to his trust, true to the needy and true to his obligation, and to whose care we commend the Controller of the Universe, hoping that our own lives may reflect the good traits with which Bro. McMahon was endowed and be it further

Resolved, that our charter be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, that the Seymour press be furnished with a copy of these proceedings, a copy spread upon the minutes of the meeting, and the family supplied with a suitable number of copies.

M. C. Whitecomb,
G. L. Durland,
Thomas E. Ross,
Committee.

The ENORMOUS INCREASE

In the sale of Ruler Steel Cut Coffee certainly proves that its merit has been established.



Packed in triple seal air tight packages which guarantees to you full strength and flavor.

INSIST ON RULER BRAND

LOOK—While They Last

60-40-25 Watt Electric Globes
25c Each

Carter Plumbing Co.

Phone 237

115 S. Chestnut

PROTEST AGAINST BURLESON ORDER

(Continued from first page)

to change intrastate freight rates contrary to the will of the commission. Recently freight rates to points within the state were increased by the railroad administration. The Indiana commission holds that the present rates which at approved are sufficient.

The action taken by the commission is a request for an injunction against Burleson to prevent him from enforcing the new schedules until a trial can be held. The commission is also demanding that a schedule of the new rates be filed with it before the tolls become effective.

Local people are not favorably impressed with the new telephone rates proposed by Burleson. While on the face of the schedule it may appear that slight reductions are made, an analysis of the schedule shows that the charge for the same service that is now given is considerably higher. The person to person calls to practically all points within two hundred miles of this city are higher than the same class of service at the present time.

Joyful January

Wintry it may be, yet January brings us joy and hope with the promise of better things. Should your nose get frosty, rub it with a snowball and Nyal Face Cream. Joyful relief will follow. Nyal cream is a true winter friend. 25 and 50 cents.

COX'S PHARMACY

Phone 100

F. H. HEIDEMAN
Pianos, Furniture, Rugs, Linoleum
Funeral Director

Piano and Pipe Organ Tuning
C. H. DROEGE

Buy Thrift Stamps Regularly

W. H. BURKLEY
Real Estate, Insurance and Loan
Seymour, Indiana

"Say it with Flowers"

Whatever the occasion—a birth, a death, a joy, a sorrow—you can best show your pleasure or sympathy by saying it with flowers.

Flowers sent by wire anywhere. We are as near to you as your telephone.

"Say it with Flowers"

Seymour Greenhouses

Phone 58

THE COUNTRY STORE
East Second St.

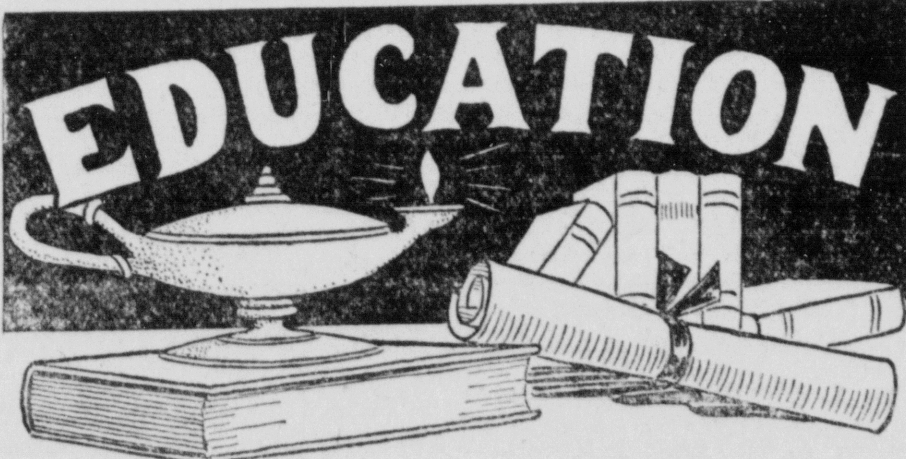
SPECIALS

THE BON MARCHE
Third and Chestnut.

Home Made Backwheat Flour, per lb10c
Bulk Rolled Oats, 2 lb for...15c
Flake Hominy, 3 lb for.....25c
Long Head Rice, 2 lb for....25c
Best Grade New Orleans Molasses, Fresh Barrel just opened (at Country Store only) per gallon\$1.25
Bulk Kraut, lb10c
Dill Pickles, doz.....20c
Large can Kraut, 2 for....25c
Large can Pumpkin, 3 for...25c

Armour's Banquet Bacon, sugar cured, lb45c
Fresh Peanuts, lb.....20c
Bologna Sausage, lb.....20c
Large can Tomatoes for....20c
Good Quality Brooms, 75c grade, 5 dozen only, on sale, each.59c
10 bars Lenox Soap for 59c or 6c bar.
10 bars Queen White Soap for 49c or 5c a bar.
Palm Olive or Jap Rose Toilet Soap, 3 bars for.....29c

RAY R. KEACH



You covet, for your child, the highest form of mental training—that is good.

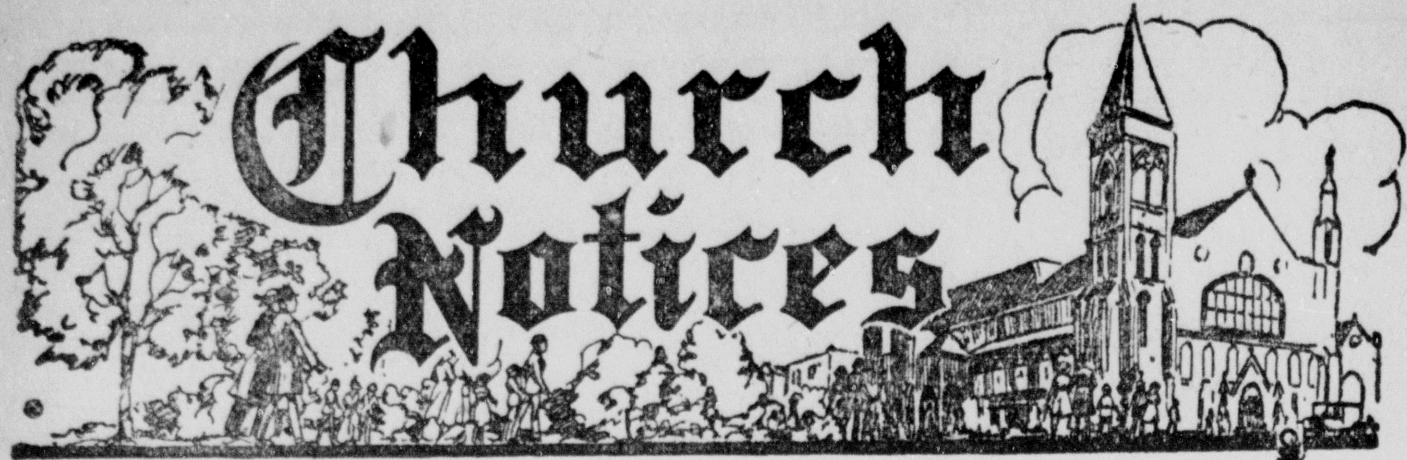
What are you doing

towards his economic and business training in financial matters? Wouldn't it be wise, in his early years, to give him the responsibility of a Bank Account and an incentive for adding to it—

Practical Education?

Come in and talk it over.

RELIABILITY **ACCOMMODATION**
The First National Bank
SEYMOUR, -IND.
STRENGTH **SERVICE**



Seymour S. S. Union.

The first regular meeting of the Seymour Sunday School Union will be held at the Presbyterian church Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All Sunday School officers, teachers and others interested in Sunday School work are urged to be present and profit by the sessions. The meeting will begin promptly at 7:30. The first part of the session will be devoted to departmental groups, each department of the Sunday School studying its own particular problems.

At 8:10 all will assemble for a general study of a text book selected by the instruction committee. This text book is Barclay's "Ten Lessons in the Teachers' Study of the Life of Christ." It is arranged especially for instruction in methods of teaching the life of Jesus and is one of the units of the standard Sunday School Teacher Training Corps. Those completing the work and wishing to do may receive credit for a teacher training certificate which is awarded by the International Sunday School Association to those who complete the entire course.

This study is not confined to Sunday School workers but any who are interested in this line of study will be welcome to attend.

First Presbyterian Church.

James Harold More, pastor. 9:15. The Sunday School. Come on time to hear the opening number of the orchestra. The adults will enjoy the fellowship and bible study in the classes taught by Mrs. J. L. Kessler and Prof. T. A. Mott. 10:30. The Morning Worship. Theme, "The Fountain of Living Waters." Mr. Biddle will sing. 7:30. The Evening Service. The pastor will preach on the command of Jesus, "Love Your Enemies." Special music. You are cordially invited to these services.

Monday 2:30. W. H. & F. M. S. meets at home of Mrs. N. R. Martin, on North Chestnut street.

Monday at 7:15. Westminster Circle meets at the home of Mrs. C. D. Billings.

Monday, 7:30. First session of the School of Religious Education meets in this church.

Wednesday. The Seymour conference in the interest of the New Era Conference in the New Albany Presbytery will convene in the church at 10:00 a. m. and the session will continue until 4:30. At the evening meeting the Moderator, Mr. Taggart and Rev. Kenney, of Jeffersonville with Mr. Barrett and Mr. Fox lawyers from New Albany will speak. You will be welcomed at all the sessions.

Friday, 7:00. Scouts will meet at High School to plan for Anniversary Week.

St Paul's Congregational Church.

The Bible school is growing and showing increased interest in all departments. We maintain a class for everyone regardless of age or previous training and if you are not already enrolled in some school invite you to meet with us at 9:15 and enjoy an hour of real pleasure.

The largest audience of present pastorate greeted the pastor Sunday morning. Come again. Subject of sermon, "A Forward Movement." Bring a friend with you to worship. God honors them that honor him. Special music at morning service. The evening service is growing popular at our church. Everybody invited. Subject of sermon, "A New Creation." The Junior Choir will furnish special music for this service.

O. G. Misamore, pastor.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday School at 9:00. Church service at 10:30. Sermon subject, "Religious Enthusiasm." Epworth League devotional meeting at 7:00.

Gospel service at 7:30. The gospel message will be centered on the second of Peter's great confessions, "Thou Art the Christ."

Prayer meeting in the church on Wednesday evening at 7:30. Wm. Weiler, minister.

St. Ambrose Catholic Church.

Low Mass at 8 o'clock. High Mass at 10 o'clock. Instruction in Catechism at 2:30. Vesper service and Benediction at 3:00 o'clock.

United Brethren Church.

Sunday School 9:00 a. m. Preaching service at 10:30 a. m.

The First Baptist Church.

Frederic Arthur Hayward, Minister. 9:15 a. m.—The Church School. Jay C. Smith, Director.

A greater school is our hope, greater in its scope; greater in its friendliness; greater in its understanding of God's Word and greater in the character of the boys and girls it develops from week to week. Come.

10:30 a. m.—The morning worship. The subject of the sermon, "Alien Languages."

2 p. m.—The Church Missions.—Park, Grover Marquette, Supt.; Southwest, W. O. Shepard, Supt.

6:30 p. m.—Our Young People's Hour. Subject, "Our Relation to God." Leader, Miss Anna E. Carter.

7:30 p. m. The service at night.

In view of the national ratification of the "dry" amendment to the constitution of the United States, we shall have a service of ratification. Every man, woman and child who is happy over the returns is invited to be our guest. Our speaker comes from Chicago, and no one is Jackson county should miss hearing the Hon. Oliver W. Stewart, formerly member of the Illinois legislature and now National lecturer for the Flying Squadron of America. His subject will be "Prohibition and the War." He is informed, eloquent and wise in his delivery. Appropriate music will be rendered. An unusual service is anticipated.

Home Department Class No. 1 will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Martha Barnes on Mill street.

Central Christian Church.

Remember our Goal. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Music led by the Junior choir.

Communion and preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Special music by the choir.

Tuesday evening the Loyal Devoir Society will meet with Mrs. C. A. Goss, 412 North Chestnut.

Wednesday evening the mid-week prayer service.

Friday afternoon the Ladies' Aid will meet in the church parlors.

Christian Endeavor Sunday evening at 6:30.

The Junior choir will meet Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. W. W. Carroll, Pastor.

Woodstock.

Sunday School at 2 p. m. Illustrated lesson by Miss Edith Kendall.

A B. Y. P. U. will be organized under the leadership of Mrs. Effie Adams. All the young people are invited to attend this meeting at 6:30 o'clock.

Junior Union at 6:30. Praise service at 7:30.

Junior choir will rehearse Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Choir meeting at the home of Mrs. Walter Chasteen Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Plan to attend these services and receive and be uplifted.

Church of The Nazarene.

A splendid record last Sunday for our school so that with a little effort now we can strike the century mark. The Supt. Robt. Myers, will give you the glad hand of welcome to our school.

In the absence of the pastor, the pastor's wife will have charge of the pulpit ministrations, Mrs. Lanpher having assisted her husband in other fields. Try our welcome tomorrow and get under the old fashioned preaching of the Gospel.

C. P. Lanpher, Minister.

Christian Science.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Sunday service at 10:45 a. m.

Testimonial meetings every Wednesday from 7:30 to 8:30 p. m. To our services and to the reading room the public is cordially invited and welcome.

Church of Christ.

Bible study at 10 o'clock. Communion service at 11 o'clock at southeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut.

Evangelical Lutheran.

Rev. Ernest Eggers. Regular services at 10:00 a. m. English services at 7:00 p. m.

Glenlawn Mission.

Glenlawn Mission at 2:30 each Sunday afternoon.

South-West Mission.

Sunday School at 2:00 o'clock each Sunday afternoon.

Park Mission.

Sunday School at 2:00 p. m.

First M. E. Church.

Chas. W. Whitman, pastor. The Sabbath School will convene at 9:15 with L. C. Griffiths, superintendent, in charge. Music will be led by orchestra.

Regular preaching services omniring and evening. The pastor will preach at both services. The theme for the morning hour will be, "Man's Life Divinely Led." The choir will render special music.

The public is cordially invited to attend all our services.

LONG IN HOLY CITY

American Resident of Jerusalem for Many Years.

Although it is a year since Allenby's victorious army entered Jerusalem, and the greatest Christian shrine in the world was wrested forever from the clutches of the infidel Turk, one of the most striking episodes of all those that marked that entry has only recently become known.

To Americans this episode is of especial interest, since it came as the climax of perhaps the most picturesque of all the many services that have been rendered by the allied nations, and to humanity generally, by individual Americans, from Gerard and Brand Whitlock down, since the beginning of the war.

For nearly three years, or from early in 1915 until the deliverance of Jerusalem in December, 1917, one of the oldest and most famous of British organizations remained in unblissful ignorance as to what had become of its "depot" in the Holy City. This organization is the British and Foreign Bible society, which like its great sister organization in the United States, exists for the purpose of distributing the Good Book among Christians in every part of the world.

In February, 1915, or soon after Turkey threw in her lot with the central powers, the Bible society's depot in Jerusalem, which contained many thousands of volumes, had to be abandoned hastily. The workers there were brought to Egypt on an American warship. From that day until quite recently nothing whatever was known regarding the fate of the depot or its contents. It was assumed that both had probably been destroyed by the Turks. But then came a letter from the society's secretary at Port Said enclosing one from the commander of the London Scottish, the first British regiment to enter the Holy City. In this officer's letter the striking story was told of how a venerable American resident of Jerusalem, by name M. M. Whelan, came forward spontaneously after the abandonment of the Bible society's depot, took up his residence therein and courageously "carried on" as its custodian.

"It may interest you to know," this officer wrote, "that as I entered Jerusalem with the first troops, I was met by a quaint old American, named Whelan, seventy years of age, who told me he represented the Bible society, and presented me with a beautiful copy of the Scriptures."

Beyond the fact that M. M. Whelan is a naturalized Irish citizen of the United States, and that he had been living in Jerusalem for several years before the war, little is known by the Bible society at present regarding the picturesque character to whom it owes so great a debt of gratitude. It is not even known from what part of the United States he comes. The society has, however, received a photograph of its venerable American benefactor, which shows him to be a truly patriarchal type.

Bored by His Elders.

William Robertson Smith, who later became one of the most learned Biblical scholars of his day, was a very precocious child. Talk was a passion with him, declare his biographers, but even in his very early years he insisted that it must be good talk. Nothing wearied him more than to listen to the conversation of the company that came to his father's manse when it was not of the improving sort, especially if he had to sit silent himself—according to the rule then strictly enforced on children. On one of these occasions, when a reverend collegiate had stayed long and after having prosed mercilessly, had at length left, Willie is said to have drawn his stool up to his father's knee. "And now, papa," he said, looking up with an air of one whose endurance is at an end, "let us have some rational conversation!"

South Now Makes Pottery.

The effort to establish in the Southern states a pottery for the manufacture of high-grade ware has, after many years, at last been successful. In 1917, for the first time, white ware was manufactured in the South. The Southern Pottery (Inc.), began to operate at Erwin, Tenn., a ten-kiln plant for the manufacture of semi-vitreous porcelain tableware, using domestic clays exclusively.

Temperance Notes

RAPID PROGRESS DURING FIRST WEEK OF SESSION

Ratification of Federal Prohibition Amendment One of Most Important Actions.

By United Press.

Indianapolis, January 18.—With the close of the first working week of the biennial session of the Indiana state legislature the machinery of both the house and the Senate were in complete operation today and the work of the solons farther advanced than in any previous session, according to leaders of both houses.

Within the past week Indiana has ratified the proposed federal amendment to the national constitution which provides for a "dry America" and has called upon the United States Senate to give to the women of the entire country suffrage. Prohibition leaders and advocates of woman suffrage are equally elated over the work which has been done in their behalf by the legislature thus far and both are praising the floor leaders of both branches for their generous support.

From all indications, according to leaders in the legislature, the present session will be one of great accomplishments and marked by but slight disturbances upon the floor of the house and Senate. But few outbursts are predicted by the majority of followers of the legislature even in the Senate where the seat of one of its members is regarded as "rather insecure."

Republican and Democratic members have both asserted themselves as favoring any legislation which will bring about a successful reconstruction in the state. On party issues the minority has promised some lively debate but further than this nothing of importance is expected to take place other than the enactment of laws and other routine business.

PROHIBITION PARTY PLANS A DRY WORLD

Prepare for Work in Foreign Lands Since United States is Won.

Chicago, Ill., January 18.—A dry world is the objective of prohibition forces, now that the dry constitutional amendment has been ratified by the necessary three-fourths of the state, Virgil F. Hinshaw, national chairman of the Prohibition party, said today in a statement.

"America is dry at last, but we have to pinch ourselves to realize it," said Hinshaw, who added that the Prohibition party for fifty years had held to its name and single purpose.

"Our vision now penetrates to the shores of foreign lands which have been the dumping ground for American liquors for a century," he continued. "We inaugurated our program for world prohibition early in October."

"Eugene E. Chafin, twice presidential candidate, and daughter left San Francisco on December 24 and arrived in Sydney Australia, January 14, to pass a year to help make Australia dry. They went there in answer to the call of the Strength of the Empire movement."

"Today there comes a telegram from Tokyo, Japan, which says the temperance forces there approve the plan to co-operate in a world dry federation campaign and will invite Kara Smart Root of Los Angeles to inaugurate a campaign to make Japan dry by 1930."

"Prohibition headquarters are preparing to do work in China, Japan, Great Britain, Scandinavia, Italy, France, Russia, Mexico, India, South America, Australia, the West Indies and Central America."

FOR DRASTIC CHANGES IN PROHIBITION LAW

Measure Drawn in Behalf of Anti-Saloon League is Against "Dry Beers"

Drastic amendments of the state prohibition law are embodied in a measure drawn on behalf of the Anti-Saloon League of Indiana, and introduced in the house by Representative Frank E. Wright, of Randolph county. The changes are intended to curb bootlegging and evasion of the law by the drug store route, and are against "dry beers." Druggists would be permitted to sell nothing but grain alcohol on prescription and it would be unlawful for the individual even to have liquor in his possession, the only exceptions being pure grain alcohol for medicinal, mechanical or scientific purposes or wine for sacramental purposes.

"Dry beers" are barred by the amendment of Section 1 of the

statute so as to definite as intoxicating liquor, under the law, "all malt, vinous, spirituous or alcoholic liquor." The word "alcoholic" takes the place of the phrase in the present law by which only those liquors were defined as alcoholic that contained as much as half of 1 per cent. of alcohol.

The changes not only make Section 2 of the law prohibit possession of intoxicating liquors, making it unnecessary to prove that they are kept with intent to sell or otherwise dispose of them contrary to law, but add a penalty for conviction a third time under this section, this being a fine of \$250 to \$1,000 and confinement in the state prison for from six months to two years.

Section 3 of the statute would be changed by another provision so as to prohibit manufacture of wine by the individual for his own consumption, as permitted under the present statute. It also would be altered so as to strike out the provisions under which one might give intoxicating liquor to a guest in his own home. It also would be made to read so as to restrict sales by druggists to pure grain alcohol for the specified purposes and to require that the prescription for such grain alcohol must be from a physician "in active practice."

Another proposal in the bill permits offering of evidence of a previous conviction of the defendant on trial, whether such allegation has been made in the indictment or not and whether he goes on the stand or not. Another provision would prohibit bail pending an appeal from conviction.

Drafts "Bone Dry" Act.

Chicago, January 18.—The twenty-five prohibition and anti-saloon league organizations have agreed on a "bone dry" federal act to be presented to the congress, according to a bulletin issued today from National Anti-Saloon League headquarters.

Tentatively, it includes the following provisions:

Appointment of federal commissioners to enforce the act, with power to prescribe rules and regulations for the manufacture and distribution of wine for sacramental purposes and alcohol for non-beverage purposes.

Fixing of adequate penalties for violation of the act.

The importation, exportation and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes to be prohibited.

All intoxicating liquors illegally possessed and all implements in their illegal manufacture to be contraband.

An adequate search and seizure provision.

The sale of alcoholic patent or proprietary medicaments capable of being used as a beverage to be surrounded by the same safeguards as the sale of alcohol.

Such other provisions as will "destroy every vestige of the beverage liquor traffic throughout the United States and its possessions."

Y. W. C. A. CAFETERIA IN PORTO RICO

Porto Rico has a cafeteria. It is the first one established on the island, and when it was opened in the Y. W. C. A. Hostess House at Camp Las Casas the natives crowded around, much amused at the innovation. They insisted upon having American dishes.

The house became very well known in a short time, and a group of women from San Juan volunteered to go out every week to mend socks and sew on buttons for the soldiers.

MESSAGE TO Y. W. C. A. FROM FRANCE.

I must express to you the very great satisfaction and most sincere gratitude of the French Government for the service rendered to the women working in Government factories through the establishment of Y. W. C. A. Foyers des Alliees (clubrooms for munitionettes). These foyers have been an excellent means for bettering the physical conditions and the morale of our workers. They have been constantly used by the women workers, who have found there new elements of dignity and social education.

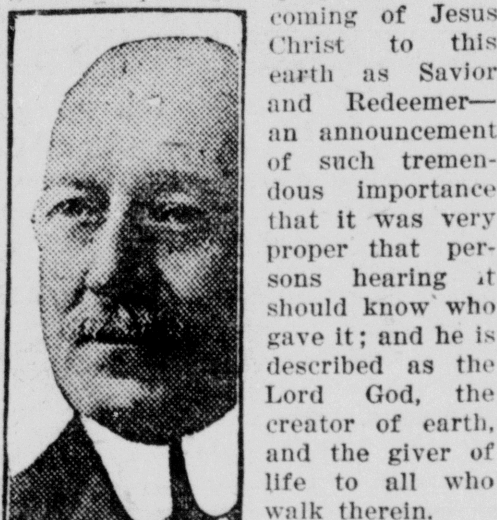
I must thank you for bringing this to pass, and I hope that Y. W. C. A. work will not disappear with the war, but will be carried on in order to develop the principles of social solidarity which it has inspired. (Signed) M. LOUCHER, Minister of Arms and Munitions Manufacture.

God Will Have the Last Word

By REV. J. H. RALSTON, D. D.
Secretary of Correspondence Department,
Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT.—Thus saith God the Lord, he that created the heavens and stretched them out; he that spread forth the earth, and that which cometh out of it; he that giveth breath unto the people upon it, and spirit to them that walk therein.—Isa. 42:5.

The text is found in one of the greatest passages prophesying the coming of Jesus Christ to this earth as Savior and Redeemer—an announcement of such tremendous importance that it was very proper that persons hearing it should know who gave it; and he is described as the Lord God, the creator of earth, and the giver of life to all who walk therein.



While there are many voices in the world and none of them without significance, as Paul says in his first letter to the Corinthians, there is one voice greater than all others, and yet one to which few listen—the voice of God.

It takes more firmness to keep one's balance in these days than ever before. The voices around us are so many, so insistent and so varied, that one hardly knows where he stands and what to believe. The voice of events is such that few men are making predictions any more. The world was full of prophets of the immediately impending golden age five years ago, but their occupation is gone. It seems unbelievable that in a little more than six months the victorious central powers have been broken to pieces by the entente allies, but it is so. Sir George Adam Smith said to President Wilson quite recently: "For four years I have been schooling myself in the incredible, till it has become terribly familiar to me."

We can believe almost anything these days, and the reason is that man has lost trust in his own forecastings. If man has lost this trust, is there any being in the universe that has not done so? We firmly believe there is, and that one is God, who sits "on the circle of the heavens" and calmly looks upon the commotions of this planet and the interests of thousands much greater. Is it not wise, therefore, to listen to his voice?

God speaks in creation and providence. "The heavens declare the glory of God and the firmament sheweth his handiwork." Eclipses occur to the second, and not a jar is felt in the revolutions of the innumerable worlds about us. In the study of our everyday life God speaks to us in law that never for a moment gives up its domination. His prosperity calls for our gratitude, his infliction of adversity for our penitence, and his faithfulness for the years gone by declares that because he is unchangeable that faithfulness will continue.

But God speaks to us through his Son as in no other way, for the Son is "the express image of the Father." Many quickly accept the proposition that God thus speaks, but the voice of Christ is marred, because their Christ is a mere caricature. They have accepted what man has said about Christ as a true picture of Christ. Some conceptions of Christ are drawn from the paintings that are exhibited; some get their ideas of Christ from descriptions found in popular literature, especially fiction; some get their ideas even from such agnostics as Renan and Strauss; and some get theirs from what they see in those who profess to love him, this picture often being false.

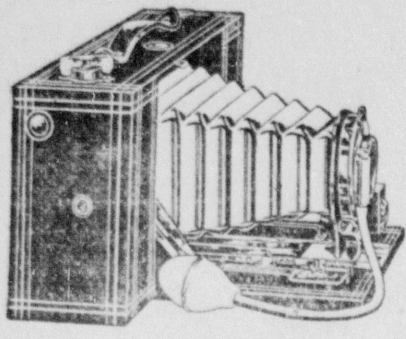
Where do we get the right picture? We have no hesitation in saying in the Holy Scriptures. There we have foregleams of him in the Old Testament that are trustworthy; there we see it in what he says and in what he does in that wonderful life which ended on the cross; there is made plain the great plan of redemption that he came to give to men, with the whole future aglow with his coming glory.

There is no subject that most concerns men on which God has not spoken. This statement is made thoughtfully. It is not meant that every detail of man's life and experience is met by a specific word, but that as to the principles that should guide man, touching even the minutiae of life, there is nothing missing. The Bible tells man where he is going, what he is in himself, his standing before God; that he is sinful; that there is no hope except in simple faith on Jesus Christ; that heaven is a reality—and hell as well; that his only guide in this life is the Word of God, which is put into his hands in the form that he can read and study.

Has a single word that God has said about individuals, cities and nations in the past failed? Is there anything in the great pictures given in Isaiah, Ezekiel, Zechariah, Daniel, the Gospels and other Scriptures that is untrue? As his Word in the past has never failed, it is reasonable to believe that his Word as to the future will not fail. Find out what God says in his Word and act on it, for God will have the last word.

But Mrs. Verrie Smart must live up to her name

KODAKS

Box Brownies
\$2.75 up

Kodaks - \$7.50 up

Kodak Albums
25c to \$5Carrying Cases Tripods
Enlarging Cameras

"We develop free the film we sell"

FEDERMANN'S
-DRUG STORE-
"Service-Quality"

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS

Scott Hardin, who has been seriously ill with influenza, is improving.

John Morton, Jr., who has been in service at Vancouver, has received his honorable discharge from the army and returned to this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Short and son, Corwin, of Louisville, are here to attend the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boake, which will be celebrated tomorrow.

Mrs. Edgar Wright has received word that her brother, Private Ivan M. Sparks, arrived in New York the 10th of January. Private Sparks is a member of the 32nd Division and has been overseas since August. He was wounded on the arm and is now at Hampton Roads, Va., in a hospital.

The meeting of the Seymour Art League which was called for Friday night has been postponed until sometime next week. It was

found that many of the members were either out of the city or unable to attend Friday evening. No particular time has been set for the meeting but it may be held one night next week.

John Congdon, who developed a critical case of pneumonia several days ago, is reported no better.

H. F. White, who has been critically ill as a result of ptomaine poisoning, is steadily improving.

Ralph Schafer, West Fourth street, who was confined to his home with influenza last week, will resume work with the Ahlbrand carriage company next Monday.

Claude Carter has received a letter from Kingsley Brinklow, formerly employed at the Hub Clothing store, saying that after several weeks at Luxemburg, Germany, he has again returned to France where he has become a pupil of one of the famous French music instructors. Brinklow was connected with the band that accompanied Battery F., Rainbow Division, from Indiana University.

CLASSIFIED
ADVERTISEMENTS
YOU GET WHAT
YOU WANT WHEN
YOU ASK FOR IT HERE

CLASSIFIED ADV. RATES
Minimum, Ten Words.
Daily Edition.
One insertion, per word.....1 ct.
Three insertions, per word.....2 cts.
Six insertions, per word.....3 cts.
One month insertions, per word.....10 cts.
Weekly Edition.
Each insertion, per word.....1 ct.

LOST—Gold handled umbrella, "Minnie" engraved on handle. Return here. Reward. j20d

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms, close in, for light house-keeping. See Frank Smith at Majestic. j13dtf

WANTED—Furs of all kinds. Frank Franklin 125 South Pine, Phone L-659. n20dtf

WANTED—Sewing and fancy work. Louise Croucher, Phone 665. f6d

WANTED—Boy. Inquire here. j21d

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red cockerels, large, good stock, \$2.00 each. Mrs. Frank Price, Jr., R. F. D. 8, Seymour. j18d&23w

FOR SALE—One pair heavy transfer horses. Very cheap if sold at once. See J. F. Shiel or Jim Willey. j21d

FOR SALE—New Oliver typewriter. Dr. C. E. Gillespie. j20d

FOR SALE—Good work horse. Interstate Public Service Co. j24d

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 524 North Walnut street. j20d

LADIES—Earn \$15.00 weekly at home in spare time, addressing and mailing our music and circular letters. Send 25c silver for 50c sample copy and particulars. Address Miss Gertrude LaRue, Bloomville, Ohio.

THE NEW EXCHANGE—Can supply your every need in groceries and feed. Phone 45. Third and Mill streets. Darling. j20d

CHIROPRACTOR—L. R. Huffer, D. C., Chiropractic, reaches all diseases. Consultation free. 7 1/2 W. Second St., Seymour. f17d

BAGGAGE TRANSFER—Grover Marquette, Phone 274. Residence phone R-281. d3d-tf

I. N. PERSINGER—Has moved his office to rooms over Huber Bros. Shoe Store. j22d

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 10 cents each, 90 per dozen. Call at Republican Office.

Weather Report.

Part cloudy tonight and Sunday. Not much change in temperature.

Seymour Temperatures.

Reported by Ira Bedel, government weather observer, for the twenty four hours ending at noon today.

	Max.	Min.
January 18, 1919.	52	24

Saved by Their Horses.

An Australian Anzac writing home describes the sagacity of his horse: "It's wonderful how a horse knows danger in the firing line. During a recent push in Palestine my horse, for instance, understood exactly the difference between a shell coming over and one likely to land anywhere near our lines. When the buzzing of a Taube's engines has been heard in the distance I've known them to stampede and race for miles before they halted. But when the machine disappeared they turned back. I've patrolled close to Turkish positions on dark nights, and although there has been no sign of a hidden enemy my horse has suddenly reared, and the next second a shot from a nearby bush or cactus grove has rang out. Many a Light Horseman owes his life to this strange instinct amongst the hooved Australians."

Too Busy Beavers.

The Canadian Pacific railway is experiencing difficulty at different places between White River and Cartier on account of beaver dams being erected and flooding its lands. At one place a dam was erected in the center of a culvert, and part of the filling had to be removed in order to do away with it. When this was done the beavers built another a little further down the stream, and this also had to be removed on account of the backwater.

It seems to be the general opinion that the government should declare an open season for a year and give the Indians and settlers a chance to dispose of the surplus beaver and otter.—Port Arthur correspondence Ottawa Citizen.

Business Getters, "Republican Classified Ads."

SOCIAL EVENTS

CLOVERLEAF CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Cloverleaf Club was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Swingle, on West Second street. During the afternoon the regular business session was held, followed by a social hour. The house was decorated with greenery and cut flowers.

At seven o'clock the families of the members were entertained with a chicken dinner. The centerpiece on the table was a large bouquet of carnations and ferns. An elaborate dinner was served. The members and families present were: Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Barkman, and daughters, Norma and Mary Margaret. Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Carter and daughter, Anna Holland, Mr. and Mrs. Byford Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Ross and sons, Howard, Leland and Lawrence, Dr. and Mrs. L. D. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Swingle and daughters, Catherine and Juanita.

The evening was spent with music and rook, three tables playing.

FAREWELL PARTY.

Misses Doris Geile and Mary Misch entertained Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Swails, North Walnut street, with a farewell party in honor of Miss Adelaide Gasaway. The affair was a complete surprise to Miss Gasaway who will leave in the near future for entertainment work in France. The evening was spent in an informal social manner and refreshments of ice cream, cake and coffee were served.

The guests were the Misses Gertrude James, Rose Hirtzel, Sena Sutherland, Flo Beldon, Adelaide Miller, Margaret Remy, Myra Laupus, Frieda Aufderheide, Julia Kerkhof, Anna Massmann, Esther and Viola Doane, Christine Meyer, Ella Davison, Margaret Brown, Doris Geile, Mary Misch and Adelaide Gasaway, Mrs. T. A. Mott and Mrs. O. O. Swails.

AMITIE CLUB.

Mrs. Clyde McGowan entertained the members of the Amitie Club and several friends yesterday afternoon at her home on South Poplar street, in honor of the birthday anniversary of Mrs. John Meyers, a member of the club. The afternoon was enjoyed with music and singing and a two course luncheon was served. The guests included Mrs. John Elm, Miss Ella Dieck, Mrs. Theodor, Brunow, Mrs. Louis Dressendorfer, Mrs. Ernest Walser, Mrs. Clyde McGowan and Mrs. Meyers.

EVENING PARTY.

Miss Goldie and Leo Gorbett, very pleasantly entertained a number of their young friends at their home on South O'Brien street Wednesday night. The evening was spent with games. Refreshments were served. The guests were the Misses Effie Mize, Devada Williams, Bertha Jerrell, Minnie Green, Marguerite Kaley, Ethel Goens, Amazona Anderson and Miss Gorbett and Glenn Jerrell, Avis Vonn, Ernest Railing, George Edwards, Ray Anderson, Tranford Dean, Willard Ward, Delbert Anderson, Clarence McKain, Melvie Anderson, Jim Jaynes and Leo Gorbett.

BIRTHDAY PARTY

Miss Anita Meyers very delightfully entertained twelve of her friends last evening at her home on East Fifth street, in honor of her birthday. The evening was spent with Victrola music and games after which light refreshments were served.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Boake will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage Sunday, January 19th at their home on West Sixth street. They will be glad to receive calls from their friends after two o'clock on that afternoon.

MISSIONARY MEETING.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will meet Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. N. R. Martin, North Chestnut street.

INTER SE CLUB.

Miss Lillian Griffiths entertained the members of the Inter Se Club this afternoon at her home on West Second street. The afternoon was spent in an informal social manner and refreshments were served.

STRAND
THEATRE
"The House of Peasures"
TONIGHT
Beginning at 7:00 p. m.

HAROLD LOCKWOOD
In a Six Act Drama
Entitled

"Under
Handicap"

Prices:
Adults 11c, Children under 12 years, 6c
(war tax included in above prices)
Matinee 6c to All.

COMING SATURDAY, JANUARY
25th: Francis X. Bushman and
Beverly Bayne.

COMING EVENTS.

MONDAY—

Westminster Guild of Presbyterian Church, Mrs. C. D. Billings, N. Walnut street.
Presbyterian Missionary Society with Mrs. Ralph Martin, North Chestnut street.

TUESDAY—

Loyal Devoir of Central Christian church with Mrs. Clarence Goss, North Chestnut street.

WEDNESDAY—

Lutheran Young Ladies' Society social meeting at the Club house.

THURSDAY—

A. Z. Rook Club with Mrs. H. Lett, W. Third street.
Lutheran Ladies' Aid Society at the Club House. (Afternoon)
Home Department, No. 1, with Mrs. Martha Barnes, Mill street. (Afternoon).

FRIDAY—

Baptist Sewing Society at church parlors.
Methodist Aid Society at the church parlors.
Christian Aid Society at church parlors.
Amitie Club with Mrs. Ernest Walser, West Fourth street.

SATURDAY—

Inter Se Club with Miss Helen Clark.

Remember

That Monday is the last day to pay telephone rent.

The body of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Brown, Brownsburg, which was sent here from Indianapolis today, was taken to Riverview cemetery for interment this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock by F. J. Voss. Both Mr. and Mrs. Brown formerly resided in the city, the latter being the daughter of J. M. Staudt, and the former the son of Joseph Brown, former street commissioner.

Sergeant Willard Miller of Camp Grant, Ill., is here visiting his father, L. F. Miller and family.

Remember

That Monday is the last day to pay telephone rent.

Majestic Theatre
TONIGHT

Popular Vaudeville and Classy
Movies

THE GIRL FROM STARLAND
The act beautiful.

CAROL HOLLOWAY
in a two act drama
"The Winning of the Mocking Bird"

A SUNSHINE COMEDY
in two acts entitled
"WHO'S YOUR FATHER"

EDWARD BRADY
in a two act Keystone comedy
"I LOVE CHARLES ALBERT"

PRICES: Lower floor 15c., balcony
10c., plus 10 per cent. tax. Matinee
5-10c., plus 10 per cent. war tax.

REMEMBER WE GIVE AWAY \$5.00
IN GOLD EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT

ELECTRICAL WIRING

Phone K-490
When You Have Any
Kind of
ELECTRICAL WORK
Prompt Attention
Given to All Orders

O. H. GORBETT

LADIES OF
SEYMOUR

Mrs. J. F. Fislar, is prepared to make your old materials into exquisite gowns, also to color old materials, hats, laces, ribbons, ostrich feathers, into any desired art shade on short notice and at small expense. Will call for goods at your home. Also fit gowns at your home. Phone Farmington, A-2.

ADVERTISED LIST.

The following is a list of letters received in the Post Office at Seymour, Ind. and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES—

Miss Heller Abbat.
Miss Leathie Boling.
Mrs. Mary Foist.
Anna N. Lewis.
Mrs. Bertha Plank (2)
Helen Pollert.
Miss Addy Smith.
Mrs. Louisa Stafford (2)
Miss Anita Williams.
Mrs. Clara Wooden.

MEN—

Mr. Bitzell.
T. Boswell.
H. L. Cobb.
Jess Elkins.
Ed Gorenfh.
N. K. Kelch.
Clyde Keller.
Thos Klacamp.
Joe McConnell.
Herschel Raye.
Alvin Pollert.
Pvt. Albert J. Rotert (3).
Rev. L. S. Sanders.
C. F. Stewart.
William Walker.
W. S. Welsh.

ALLEN SWOPE, P. M.

HAVE YOU
JOINED THE1919
CLUB

There is a membership book in our 1919 Christmas Savings Club awaiting your call at the Seymour National Bank.

No red tape, no long delay, no expense—just drop in and get the book and make regular deposits of small amounts for the coming year and it will be our pleasure to mail you a fine check next December.

The size of the check you determine when you enroll; you can save for any amount you wish—AND GET IT.

Be a Christmas
Saver Too

Your friends are all doing it, so why not you? You don't want to be one of the neglected ones when we pass out the checks next December.

Come in any day and join the Club.

SEYMOUR
NATIONAL
BANK

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READY

To Clean Out All

Winter Goods

Coats, Suits, Dresses,
Skirts, Waists, and a
large line of Furs. : :

Do You Want To Save Money?

SIMON'S

Is The Place Where You Can Do It